

MCQ- PG Entrance-Dravyaguna Vigyan

1	As per Charaka which dravya's leaves are useful for Shirovirechan Karma			
	A)	Lodhra	B)	Shrungaber
	C)	Hingu	D)	Madanphal
2	Gana of Ativisha as per Charak Samhita			
	A)	Balya	B)	Kasahar
	C)	Jeevaneeya	D)	Lekhaneeya
3.	'Mahamohi' is the paryaya of			
	A)	Dhattur	B)	Guggul
	C)	Yavani	D)	Shati
4.	'Malaphala' is synonym of			
	A)	Ativisha	B)	Arjun
	C)	Babul	D)	Marich
5.	Which are the Guna of Avartaki			
	A)	Laghu- Ruksh	B)	Laghu- Snigdha
	C)	Snigdha- Guru	D)	Guru- Laghu
6.	'Garden cress' is the English name of.....			
	A)	Changeri	B)	Chavya
	C)	Chandan	D)	Chandrashoor
7.	Which of the following drug is not the content of Parushakadi Gana			
	A)	Draksha	B)	Bilva
	C)	Katphal	D)	Dadim
8.	What is the Doshakarma of Parnayavani			
	A)	Pitta Vatashaman	B)	Vata Pittashaman
	C)	Kapha Vatashaman	D)	Tridosahar
9.	'Gajabhakshya' is the synonym of			
	A)	Shallaki	B)	Shalmali
	C)	Shunthi	D)	Shatapushpa
10.	Which drug is not included in Shool Prashaman Gana			
	A)	Chavya	B)	Eranda
	C)	Ajmoda	D)	Chitrak
11.	'Rohini' is the content of			
	A)	Vedanasthapan Gana	B)	Vayasthapan Gana
	C)	Prajasthapan Gana	D)	Sangyasthapan Gana

12.	Which of the following Kand (कन्द) is not used for Shirovirechan karma as per Charaka			
	A)	Haridra	B)	Rason
	C)	Vidari	D)	Moolak
13.	What is the dose (Matra) of Jatiphal Choorna			
	A)	½ to 1 gm	B)	1 to 2 gm
	C)	2gm	D)	2 to 3 gm
14.	'Dharmapattan' is the synonym of			
	A)	Shunthi	B)	Yavani
	C)	Marich	D)	Jeeraka
15.	Scopalmine is the chemical constituent of			
	A)	Chitrak	B)	Dhattur
	C)	Punarnava	D)	Ativisha
16.	Adulterant of Ativisha is			
	A)	Bilva	B)	Punarnava
	C)	Chitrak	D)	Shatavari Mool
17.	'Nutmeg tree' is the English name of....			
	A)	Jatiphala	B)	Bhallataka
	C)	Jambu	D)	Chitraka
18.	Lythraceae is family of			
	A)	Ajmoda	B)	Dhataki
	C)	Babbul	D)	Dhanyak
19.	Shodhan of Dhattur is done in			
	A)	Godugdh	B)	Water
	C)	Takra	D)	Ardrak svarasa
20.	What is the useful part of Mayaphal			
	A)	Stem	B)	Root
	C)	Leaves	D)	Gall
21.	'Kakubha' is the synonym of			
	A)	Punarnava	B)	Kutaj
	C)	Arjun	D)	Guduchi
22.	According to Sushrut which of the following drug is best for 'Daran'			
	A)	Danti	B)	Moolak
	C)	Chandan	D)	Sarshap
23.	According to Ashtang Hruday "Punarnava" is the content of...			
	A)	Madhyampanchamool	B)	Kantakapanchamool
	C)	Vallipanchamool	D)	Jeevanpanchamool

24.	As per Sushrut which dravya is not used for Vranadhoopan Karma			
	A)	Shriveshtaka	B)	Vasuka
	C)	Devdaru	D)	Sarjarasa
25.	'Shighra' is the synonym of			
	A)	Kumari	B)	Ativisha
	C)	Danti	D)	Kutaj
26.	Complete the shloka.....कटुका शीता मृदुकृत्तुवरा लघुः। (भा. प्र.)			
	A)	Karavi	B)	Tamrapushpi
	C)	Krushn	D)	Katubhadra
27.	As per Sushrut which dravya is not beneficial in Sarpimeha			
	A)	Kutaj	B)	Katurohini
	C)	Hingu	D)	Shinshap
28.	What is the matra of Guduchi Satva			
	A)	3-4 gm	B)	3gm
	C)	1-2 gm	D)	4 gm
29.	Which dravya is included in Vamanopag Gana			
	A)	Vacha	B)	Shigru
	C)	Madanphal	D)	Sadapushpa
30.	As per Charaka Kutaj phala is useful for....			
	A)	Vaman	B)	Virechan
	C)	Vamanopag	D)	Virechanopag
31.	Overdose of Ashvagol causes			
	A)	Agnimandya	B)	Vaman
	C)	Bhrama	D)	Hrullas
32.	Euphorbion is the active principle of			
	A)	Ketaki	B)	Pippali
	C)	Snuhi	D)	Sarpagandha
33.	What is the Adulterant of Pushkarmool			
	A)	<i>Hemidesmus indicus</i>	B)	<i>Clerodendron serratum</i>
	C)	<i>Saussurea lappa</i>	D)	<i>Plumbago zeylanica</i>
34.	Types of Kasturi according to Varnabhed (Colour)			
	A)	03	B)	04
	C)	02	D)	05
35.	According to Charaka Complete the shlok हिक्काश्वासकासपार्श्वशूलहराणां।			
	A)	मुस्तं	B)	रास्ना
	C)	पुष्करमूलं	D)	बिल्वं

36.	.....वमनास्थापनानुवासनोपयोगिनां। Complete the Shlok.			
	A)	मुस्तं	B)	मदनफलं
	C)	पुष्करमूलं	D)	अमृता
37.	अतिविषादीपनीय.....साङ्ग्राहिकसर्वदोषहराणाम्। Complete the shlok according to Charaka.			
	A)	वमन	B)	शूलहर
	C)	चक्षुष्य	D)	पाचनीय
38.	As per Charak सन्धानकृद्वातहरो.....स्वादुशीतलः। Fill the correct answer			
	A)	बला	B)	माष
	C)	गोधूमः	D)	मुद्ग
39.	As per Charaka complete the shlok. मधुरंबृंहणंवृष्यं .....गुरुशीतलम्।			
	A)	खर्जूरं	B)	परुषक
	C)	गोधूमः	D)	मृद्वीका
40.	According to Sushrut which drug is not included in Bruhatyadi Gana.			
	A)	कुटज	B)	बृहती
	C)	पाठा	D)	मृद्वीका
41.	एष.....नाम्नागणःश्लेष्मनिषूदनः। Fill in the blank according to Sushrut.			
	A)	गुडूच्यादि	B)	मुस्तादि
	C)	आमलक्यादि	D)	न्यग्रोधादि
42.	According to Sushrut Punarnava is included in .....Gana			
	A)	गुडूच्यादि	B)	मुस्तादि
	C)	आमलक्यादि	D)	विदारीगन्धादि
43.	'Sheetabeeja' is the paryaya of			
	A)	Shunthi	B)	Danti
	C)	Katuka	D)	Ashvagol
44.	As per Charak which drugs are included in Truptighna Mahakashaya			
	A)	Bala & Hingu	B)	Khadir & Haridra
	C)	Nagar & Musta	D)	Marich & Gokshoor
45.	.....रक्तपित्तप्रकोपणम्।(Ch.Su) Complete the shlok			
	A)	अतसीतैलं	B)	एरण्डतैलं

	C)	प्रियाल तैलं	D)	कुसुम्भतैलं
46.	Which of the following drug is included in Katuskandh as per Charaka			
	A)	Sheetak	B)	Jeevak
	C)	Amra	D)	Parnas
47.	Which drug is not mentioned in Purishsangrahaneya Gana			
	A)	Priyangu	B)	Shallaki
	C)	Ananta	D)	Samanga
48.	बिल्वंसाङ्ग्राहिकदीपनीय.....प्रशमनानाम्।(Ch.Su.) Complete the shlok.			
	A)	कफवात	B)	वात
	C)	कफ	D)	वातकफ
49.	Properties of Kandodbhava Guduchi are mentioned in			
	A)	Bhavprakash Nighantu	B)	Kaiyadev Nighantu
	C)	Shaligram Nighantu	D)	Dhanvantari Nighantu
50.	Atiyog of Kapikacchu causes.....			
	A)	Mada & Vibhram	B)	Virechan
	C)	Vaman	D)	Raktastrav
51.	Which of the following is not the synonym of 'Bilva'			
	A)	Shandilya	B)	Madahetu
	C)	Shreephala	D)	Malur
52.	<i>Trachyspermum ammi</i> is the scientific name of			
	A)	Shatapushpa	B)	Ajmoda
	C)	Yavani	D)	Dhanyak
53.	Chittrak is not included in			
	A)	Kushthaghna Gana	B)	Lekhaneeya Gana
	C)	Bhedaneeya Gana	D)	Arshoghna Gana
54.	Which drug contains 'Pentatriacontane'			
	A)	Chavya	B)	Patrang
	C)	Parpat	D)	Vansh
55.	'Sarvanubhuti' is the synonym of.....			
	A)	Snuhi	B)	Shvet Trivrut
	C)	Shyama Trivrut	D)	Katuka
56.	Overdose of Dhanyak shows			
	A)	Vrushya karma	B)	Bhedan Karma
	C)	Madakari Karma	D)	Avrushya Karma
57.	Gana of Dadim according to Sushrut			
	A)	Vachadi	B)	Parushkadi
	C)	Mustadi	D)	Triphala

58.	Dadim is specifically mentioned as			
	A)	Shramahar dravya	B)	Jwarahar dravya
	C)	Sheetaprashaman dravya	D)	Dahaprashaman dravya
59.	Complete the shloka गुल्मबस्तिशूलानिलापहम्॥ (भावप्रकाश)			
	A)	एरण्डपत्रं	B)	एरण्डफलं
	C)	वातार्यग्रदलं	D)	एरण्डफलमज्जा
60.	Chavya is the content of			
	A)	Arshoghna Gana	B)	Kandughna
	C)	Bhedaneeya Gana	D)	Krumighna Gana
61.	Complete the Shloka '.....मेहिनं चित्रकायं। (Sushrut)			
	A)	उदक	B)	सिकता
	C)	सुरा	D)	लवण
62.	Vipak of Shunthi is			
	A)	Lavan	B)	Amla
	C)	Katu	D)	Madhur
63.	Morphological description of Chavya is			
	A)	Tree	B)	Herb
	C)	Climber	D)	Shrub
64.	..... is not the content of Hrudy Mahakashaya			
	A)	Vrukshamla	B)	Changeri
	C)	Dadim	D)	Matulunga
65.	Which drug has Anushna Veerya			
	A)	Dadim	B)	Amalaki
	C)	Amlika	D)	Matulunga
66.	Panchanga is the useful part of			
	A)	Shatavari	B)	Mayaphal
	C)	Changeri	D)	Hingu
67.	'Bramhanyashtika' is the synonym of.....			
	A)	Bharangi	B)	Bruhata
	C)	Bakul	D)	Badar
68.	Plumbagin is the chemical constituent of			
	A)	Talmuli	B)	Usheer
	C)	Chitrak	D)	Musta
69.	What is the Vipak of Ardra Marich			
	A)	Katu	B)	Madhur

	C)	Amla	D)	None of these
70.	Guna of Jambir are			
	A)	Laghu & Snigdha	B)	Guru & Laghu
	C)	Guru & Tikshna	D)	Snigdha & Tikshna
71.	Gana of Musta as per Sushrut samhita			
	A)	Balya	B)	Vachadi
	C)	Kasahar	D)	Pippalyadi
72.	'Thorn apple' is the English name of			
	A)	Sehunda	B)	Mandar
	C)	Amanda	D)	Matul
73.	'Shleshma pitta jananam' is the agrya karma of			
	A)	Kupilu	B)	Mash
	C)	Manjishtha	D)	Methika
74.	Rasa of Putiha			
	A)	Madhur	B)	Amla
	C)	Katu	D)	Tikta
75.	'Pitika' is the paryaya of			
	A)	Dhanyaka	B)	Shatapushpa
	C)	Durva	D)	Bakul
76.	According to Bhav Prakash Shatapushpa shows..... action			
	A)	Vatprakop	B)	Vatashaman
	C)	Pittashaman	D)	Pittakrut
77.	What is the dose (Matra) of Nadihingu			
	A)	1 gm	B)	½ to ¼ gm
	C)	3 gm	D)	¼ gm
78.	Terpentine is the chemical constituent of			
	A)	Gandhabiroja	B)	Hingu
	C)	Kumari bol	D)	Kupilu
79.	<i>Oroxylum indicum</i> is the scientific name of			
	A)	Durva	B)	Shyonak
	C)	Puga	D)	Usheer
80.	Which are the Guna of Chandrashoor beej (seeds)			
	A)	Ruksha	B)	Snigdha & Guru
	C)	Picchil	D)	Snigdha & Picchil
81.	What is the dose of Dhattur choorna			
	A)	50 -150 mg	B)	150 mg

	C)	50-100 mg	D)	100 mg
82.	Which is the useful part of Ashvagol			
	A)	Seed or seed coat	B)	Stem
	C)	Bark	D)	Root
83.	Which is the Synonym of Trivrut			
	A)	Madan	B)	Katuparni
	C)	Vishalya	D)	Triputa
84.	Papaveraceae is the family of			
	A)	Kutaj	B)	Swarnaksheeri
	C)	Bilva	D)	Kumari
85.	Guna of Danti is			
	A)	Laghu	B)	Manda
	C)	Guru	D)	Snigdha
86.	'Orris root' is the English name of			
	A)	Bharangi	B)	Pushkarmool
	C)	Shathi	D)	Danti
87.	What is the Matra of Arka Ksheer			
	A)	0.5 to 1 gm	B)	1 to 2 gm
	C)	0.25 to 0.75 gm	D)	2 to 3 gm
88.	Colocynthin is the chemical constitute of			
	A)	Danti	B)	Indravaruni
	C)	Katuka	D)	Arka
89.	'Amaghni' is the synonym of			
	A)	Karanja	B)	Kirattikta
	C)	Kaumari	D)	Katuka
90.	Convolvulaceae is the family of			
	A)	Vasa	B)	Trivrut
	C)	Kapikacchu	D)	Guggul
91.	<i>Linum usitatissimum</i> Linn. is scientific name of			
	A)	Taruni	B)	Bakul
	C)	Japa	D)	Atasi
92.	Navin Guggul shows .....karma			
	A)	Brumhan	B)	Lekhan
	C)	Anuloman	D)	Bhedan
93.	'Malabar Nut' is the English name of			
	A)	Vacha	B)	Vasa
	C)	Vidanga	D)	Vatam

94.	Barboloin is the main chemical constitute of			
	A)	Gunja	B)	Sariva
	C)	Kumari	D)	Rajika
95.	Pindi is the synonym of			
	A)	Madanphal	B)	Kupilu
	C)	Bilva	D)	Jatiphal
96.	Vipak of Erand is			
	A)	Katu	B)	Amla
	C)	Madhur	D)	None of these
97.	According to Charak Gana of Kapikacchu is			
	A)	Shwashar	B)	Balya
	C)	Kasahar	D)	Hrudya
98.	Morphological description of Punarnava is			
	A)	Herb	B)	Shrub
	C)	Tree	D)	Climber
99.	Which are the Guna of Shathi according to Bhav Prakash			
	A)	Laghu-Tikshna	B)	Guru- Tikshna
	C)	Laghu- Guru	D)	Tiksha- Snigdh
100.	.....ग्राहिरुक्षोष्णंवातश्लेष्माणिशस्यते। (Ch.Su.) Complete the shlok			
	A)	आमलकी	B)	हरीतकी
	C)	वृक्षाम्लं	D)	माष
101.	.....दिपनीयपाचनीयगुदशोथअर्शः शूलहराणाम्।।(Ch.Su.)			
	A)	चित्रकमूलं	B)	पुष्करमूलं
	C)	बला	D)	विडंग
102.	.....त्रिवृन्मूलंश्रेष्ठमाहुर्मनीषिणः।(च.क.)			
	A)	अनुवासन	B)	आस्थापन
	C)	वमन	D)	विरेचन
103.	..... तीव्रविरेचनानाम्श्रेष्ठम्।।(Ch.Su.)			
	A)	Snuhi	B)	Amalaki
	C)	Trivrut	D)	Dugdha
104.	Which drug is the content of Anuvasanopag Mahakashaya			
	A)	Shyonak	B)	Draksha
	C)	Madhuk	D)	Trivrut

105.	Which is the useful part of Parnayavani			
	A)	Mool	B)	Kand
	C)	Patra	D)	Pushpa
106.	What is the matra of Yavani Satva			
	A)	130 mg	B)	30-120 mg
	C)	140mg	D)	150 mg
107.	According to Ashtang Hruday the best fruit is			
	A)	Narikel	B)	Parushak
	C)	Draksha	D)	Badar
108.	As per Ashtang Hruday what is the action of Arkadi Varga			
	A)	व्रणशोधनः	B)	योनिदोषहरः
	C)	पक्वतिसारनाशनौ	D)	दुष्टव्रणविशोधनः
109.	Arka bhed according to Sushrut			
	A)	04	B)	02
	C)	03	D)	05
110.	According to Ashtang Hruday fill in the bank. पक्वंसुदुर्जरं .....दोषलंपूतिमारुतम्। दीपनंकफवातघ्नंबालं, ग्राहयुभयंचतत्।			
	A)	पनस	B)	वाताम्
	C)	बिल्वं	D)	प्रियाल
111.	According to Charak which drug is used for पक्वाशयगतेदोषेविरेकार्थप्रयोजयेत्। (Ch.Su.)			
	A)	Danti	B)	Katuka
	C)	Snuhi	D)	Kumari
112.	Shati is included in Gana			
	A)	Balya	B)	Hikkanighrahan
	C)	Bruhaneeya	D)	Lekhaneeya
113.	'Shatavedhi' is the paryaya of			
	A)	Jambir	B)	Changeri
	C)	Amlavetas	D)	Vrukshamla
114.	Complete the shlok. आर्द्रिका..... गुर्वीतीक्ष्णोष्णादीपनीमता। (भा. प्र.)			
	A)	Vaman	B)	Virechan
	C)	Bhedani	D)	Anuloman
115.	Which of the following drug contains Emodin			
	A)	Markandika	B)	Amalaki

	C)	Snuhi	D)	Haritaki
116.	Salvadoraceae is the family of			
	A)	Parpat	B)	Pilu
	C)	Punarnava	D)	Putiha
117.	.....घृतंविशेषेणचक्षुष्यंवृष्यमग्निकृत्। (भा. प्र.)			
	A)	गव्यं	B)	माहिषं
	C)	औष्ट्रं	D)	वडवा
118.	According to Chakrapani 'Katukam' (कटुकं) means.....			
	A)	Kupilu	B)	Latakasturi
	C)	Ativisha	D)	Dhattur
119.	Types of Erand according to Bhavprakash Nighantu			
	A)	04	B)	03
	C)	02	D)	05
120.	Scrophulariaceae is the family of			
	A)	Kutaj	B)	Kataka
	C)	Kushmand	D)	Katuka
121.	विडङ्गं। (च.सू.) Fill in the blank.			
	A)	पथ्यानाम्	B)	विषघ्नानां
	C)	क्रिमिघ्नानां	D)	कुष्ठघ्नानां
122.	.....साङ्ग्राहिकवातहरदीपनीयश्लेष्मशोणितविबन्धप्रशमनानां।(च.सू.)			
	A)	अमृता	B)	माषाः
	C)	अतिविषा	D)	हरीतकी
123.	'Tarun' is the synonym of			
	A)	Bakul	B)	Rakta Eranda
	C)	Shukla Eranda	D)	Amra
124.	Complete the shlok नवं भवेत्पुष्ट्यै नातिश्लेष्महरं सरम्। (भा.प्र.)			
	A)	मधु	B)	गुग्गुल
	C)	तक्र	D)	दधि
125.	In which Nighantu Kumari is firstly mentioned			
	A)	Dhanvantari Nighantu	B)	Ashtang Nighantu
	C)	Kaiyadev Nighantu	D)	Raj Nighantu

126.	Asthisamhara is useful in			
	A)	Asthibhagn	B)	Atisara
	C)	Grahani	D)	Vataroga
127.	Morphology of Asthisamhara is			
	A)	Creeper	B)	Tree
	C)	Shrub	D)	None of these
128.	Useful part of Asthisamhara is-			
	A)	Mula	B)	Patra
	C)	Twak	D)	Panchanga
129.	Asthisamhara is useful in-			
	A)	Akshiroga	B)	Grahani
	C)	Mukharoga	D)	Pleeha
130.	Kharjura belongs to following Mahakashay			
	A)	Shramahara	B)	Lavanaskandha
	C)	Brutatpanchamula	D)	Amlaskandha
131.	Phoenix sylvestris is a latin name of-			
	A)	Yasthimadhu	B)	Bakuchi
	C)	Bilwa	D)	Kharjur
132.	Following is the one of the ingredient of KharjuradiMantha-			
	A)	Ikshu	B)	Vidari
	C)	Kharjur	D)	None of these
133.	Pinda kharjura is mainly found in			
	A)	North Africa	B)	Iran
	C)	Gujrat	D)	Asam
134.	Following Dravya is used in Koshthamaruta-			
	A)	Devdara	B)	Dhanvayas
	C)	Musta	D)	Kharjur
135.	WhichDravya is Vishthamakrut according to Bhavprakasha-			
	A)	Yashtimadhu	B)	Vidari
	C)	Kharjur	D)	None of above
136.	Chirabilwa belongs to-			
	A)	Lekhaneeya Mahakashaya	B)	Bhunhaneeya Mahakashaya
	C)	Pachaneeya Mahakashaya	D)	None of above
137.	Chirabilwa is-			
	A)	Bhedaneeya	B)	Bhuhaneeya
	C)	Sanshamana	D)	Santarpana
138.	Chirabilwa is useful in-			
	A)	Medoroga	B)	Kshaya

	C)	Shukrakshaya	D)	None of above
139.	Chirabilwa is mainly useful in –			
	A)	Santarpanajanya Vikara	B)	Apatarpanajanya Vikara
	C)	Atilanghaneeya Vikara	D)	None of above
140.	Chirabilwa reduces which Panchamahabhuta in the body-			
	A)	Pruthvi+ Aap	B)	Tej+ Aakash
	C)	Aakasha + Vayu	D)	None of above
141.	Haritaki belongs to –			
	A)	Prajasthapana Mahakashaya	B)	Shukrashodhana Mahakashaya
	C)	Brhuaneeeya Mahakashaya	D)	None of above
142.	Main Rasa of Haritaki is-			
	A)	Kashayapradhan- Alavana	B)	Amlapradhana- Alavana
	C)	Katupradhan- Alavana	D)	Lavanapradhana- Amadhura
143.	Vijaya type of Haritaki is-			
	A)	Sarvarogahara	B)	Vranaropana
	C)	Netraroga	D)	None of above
144.	According Sushrut, Haritaki belongs to –			
	A)	Trijat	B)	Chaturjata
	C)	Balya	D)	Parushakadi Gana
145.	In which vyadhi, Varuna is useful according to Dhanvantari Nighantu			
	A)	Atisara	B)	Amavata
	C)	Grahani	D)	Vidradhi
146.	Abhaya is a synonym of-			
	A)	Shatavari	B)	Pippali
	C)	Marich	D)	Haritaki
147.	According to Sushruta Haritaki belongs to-			
	A)	Shonitasthapana Mahakashaya	B)	Shukrashodhana Mahakashaya
	C)	Amlakyadi Gana	D)	Kasaghna Mahakashaya
148.	The meaning of one of the synonym ‘ Pathya ‘ of Haritaki is-			
	A)	Which does Brunhana karma	B)	Which maintains Strotasa
	C)	Which is beneficial for body	D)	None of above
149.	Vipaka of Ashthisanhara according to Kaiadeva nighantu is			
	A)	Amla	B)	Madhur
	C)	Katu	D)	None of above
150.	How many types Haritaki has according to Bhavprakash Nighantu-			
	A)	05	B)	10

	C)	07	D)	02
151.	Haritaki is contraindicated in-			
	A)	Langhanakarshita	B)	Sthoulya
	C)	Medoroga	D)	Kamala
152.	Haritaki shows 'Sangrahini effect' -			
	A)	After Boiling	B)	After Grinding
	C)	After chewing	D)	None of above
153.	Dhanvantari Nighantu mentions use of Haritaki in-			
	A)	Santarpanakruta Roga	B)	Apatarpanakruta Roga
	C)	Kshaya	D)	None of above
154.	Example of Vichitrapratyarabdha Dravya is-			
	A)	Yashtimadhu	B)	Haritaki
	C)	Lodhra	D)	None of above
155.	Haritaki is useful in-			
	A)	AdrushyaArsha	B)	Shukrakshaya
	C)	Garbhini	D)	None of above
156.	Rutuharitaki is mentioned in-			
	A)	BhavprakashNighantu	B)	Shodhalnighantu
	C)	Ashtangnighantu	D)	None of above
157.	Vruddhadaru is –			
	A)	Rasayana	B)	Langhaneeya
	C)	Lekhana	D)	None of above
158.	Vruddhadaru is useful in-			
	A)	Grahani	B)	Aamavata
	C)	Both	D)	None of above
159.	Following dravya is 'Swarakantikara 'according to Bhavprakash-			
	A)	Vruddhadaru	B)	Marich
	C)	Dhanvayas	D)	None of above
160.	Morphology of Vruddhadaru is-			
	A)	Tree	B)	Shrub
	C)	Creeper	D)	None of above
161.	Family of Aamalaki is-			
	A)	Euphorbiaceae	B)	Combrataceae
	C)	Malvaceae	D)	None of above
162.	Following dravya contains vitamin C in huge quantity-			
	A)	Bibhitaka	B)	Pippali
	C)	Aamalaki	D)	Haritaki

163.	Which dravya is useful in Pittaja Parinamashoola-			
	A)	Maricha	B)	Aamalaki
	C)	Shilajit	D)	None of above
164.	Main content of Dhatriloha is-			
	A)	Aamalaki	B)	Shunthi
	C)	Trijata	D)	None of above
165.	Following Yoga is useful in Sheetapitta-			
	A)	Aindrarasayana	B)	Bramharasayana
	C)	Gudamlaka	D)	Narasinharasayana
166.	Which dravya is Paramvrushya-			
	A)	Agaru	B)	Dhanvayasa
	C)	Latakaranja	D)	Dhatri
167.	Tishyaphala is a synonym of –			
	A)	Haritaki	B)	Bibhitaka
	C)	Aamalaki	D)	None of above
168.	Ashwagandha belongs to-			
	A)	Madhurskandha	B)	Lavanaskandha
	C)	Tiktaskandha	D)	Amlaskandha
169.	Which dravya belongs to Brunhaneeya Mahakashaya-			
	A)	Haritaki	B)	Yas
	C)	Ashwagandha	D)	None of above
170.	Ashwagandha Kshara is mentioned in which Samhita-			
	A)	Charaka	B)	Sushruta
	C)	Ashtanghrudaya	D)	None of above
171.	Artavjanana dravya are mainly useful in-			
	A)	Artavaatipravrutti	B)	Artavavimargagamana
	C)	Artavakshaya	D)	None of above
172.	Vanshakarpara is obtained from-			
	A)	Karpura	B)	Sarja
	C)	Vansha	D)	None of above
173.	Which is used as one of the ingredient in Sitopaladichoorna-			
	A)	Vanshalochana	B)	Vanshatwak
	C)	Vanshakarir	D)	Vanshamula
174.	Doshakarma of Vanshakarir is-			
	A)	Vataghna	B)	Vatakaphala
	C)	Vatapittala	D)	None of above
175.	Vanshamula Rasakriya is used in-			
	A)	Raktabhishyanda	B)	Shukrameha

	C)	Grahani	D)	None of above
176.	Vanshalochana is –			
	A)	Madhur-Sheeta	B)	Katu-Ushna
	C)	Amla-Ushna	D)	None of above
177.	According to Charakasamhita Vanshayava is-			
	A)	Srushtamutra	B)	Baddhamutra
	C)	Vibaddhamalamutra	D)	None of above
178.	According to Charakasamhita Vanshayava is-			
	A)	Meda-krumikara	B)	Vishaghna
	C)	Meda-krumi-vishaghna	D)	None of above
179.	Vanshamula Rasakriya is useful in-			
	A)	Shwanavisha	B)	Sarpavisha
	C)	Garavisha	D)	None of above
180.	Family of Lodhra is-			
	A)	Combretaceae	B)	Malvaceae
	C)	Symplocaceae	D)	Ulmaceae
181.	Lakshaprasadana is a synonym of –			
	A)	Ashok	B)	Yashtimadhu
	C)	Madhuk	D)	Lodhra
182.	Lodhra belongs to-			
	A)	Andhaneeya Mahakashaya	B)	Pachaneeya Mahakashaya
	C)	Brunhaneeya Mahakashaya	D)	None of above
183.	According to Sushrutalodhra belongs to-			
	A)	Rasayanagana	B)	Nyagrodhadigana
	C)	Laghupanchamula	D)	None of above
184.	Lodhra belongs to-			
	A)	Brunhaneeya Mahakashaya	B)	Langhaneeya Mahakashaya
	C)	Lekhaneeya Mahakashaya	D)	Shonitasthapana Mahakashaya
185.	According to Bhavprakashalodhra is-			
	A)	Grahi	B)	Sthambana
	C)	Pachana	D)	None of above
186..	Lodhra is useful in-			
	A)	Samaatisar	B)	Niramaatisar
	C)	Sam and niramatisar	D)	None of above
187.	Lodhra is mainly useful in-			
	A)	Kaphapittajakushtha	B)	Vatajakushtha
	C)	Vatakaphakushtha	D)	None of above

188.	Family of Ashok belongs to-			
	A)	Leguminosae	B)	Compositae
	C)	Malvaceae	D)	None of above
189.	Ashok is having following synonym-			
	A)	Yas	B)	Tamrapallava
	C)	Rodhra	D)	None of above
190.	Bhavprakasha quotes Ashok as-			
	A)	Varnya	B)	Langhaneeya
	C)	Lekhana	D)	None of above
191.	One of the synonyms of Ashok is-			
	A)	Galava	B)	Strepriya
	C)	Patti	D)	None of above
192.	Kankeli is a synonym of-			
	A)	Ashok	B)	Haritaki
	C)	Aamalak	D)	Lodhra
193.	Artavasangraheeya dravya are used in-			
	A)	Raktapradara	B)	Artavakshaya
	C)	Anartava	D)	None of above
194.	Ashok is a drug of choice in-			
	A)	Anartava	B)	Atyartava
	C)	Alpartava	D)	None of above
195.	Gana of Karpasa according to Charaka is-			
	A)	Brunhaneeya	B)	Langhaneeya
	C)	Lekhaneeya	D)	None of above
196.	According to SushrutaKarpasa belongs to-			
	A)	Pittasanshamanagana	B)	Kaphasanshamanagana
	C)	Vatasanshamanagana	D)	None of above
197.	Beeja of Karpasa according to Bhavprakash are-			
	A)	Balada	B)	Stanyada
	C)	Stanya-balada	D)	None of above
198.	Karpasasthisiddha tail is mentioned by-			
	A)	Vagbhata	B)	Sushruta
	C)	Charaka	D)	All of above
199.	Which part of Karpasa is Raktakrut according to Bhavprakash-			
	A)	Mula	B)	Palash
	C)	Twak	D)	None of above
200.	Which dravya is used as Garbhashayasankochaka-			
	A)	Vidari	B)	Shatavari

	C)	Karpasa	D)	Yashtimadhu
201.	Synonym of Langali is-			
	A)	Kalihari	B)	Amruta
	C)	Shiva	D)	None of above
202.	Family of Langali is-			
	A)	Malvaceae	B)	Leguminasae
	C)	Ulmaceae	D)	Lilliaceae
203.	Agnishikha is a synonym of –			
	A)	Chitraka	B)	Bhallataka
	C)	Langali	D)	None of above
204.	Which dravya is famous for Garbhapatana-			
	A)	Sharapunkha	B)	Langali
	C)	Haritaki	D)	None of above
205	Which dravya is used in Karnaroga ‘Unmatha’-			
	A)	Langali	B)	Yashtimadhu
	C)	Eranda	D)	Laksha
206	Which dravya is used for Aparapatana according to Sushruta as Nasyadravya-			
	A)	Suvarchala +Pippali	B)	Suvarchala +Maricha
	C)	Suvarchala + Vishalya	D)	None of above
207	Prajasthapana Gana is used in-			
	A)	Vandhyatwa	B)	Sthoulya
	C)	Grahani	D)	None of above
208	Types of Durva-			
	A)	Neel- rakta	B)	Shweta-Rakta
	C)	Neel-shweta-gandira	D)	None of above
209	Durva is mentioned as ‘ Jeevani’ according to which Nighantu-			
	A)	Bhavprakash	B)	Kaiyadev
	C)	Madhav	D)	None of above
210	Which is a synonym of Neeldurva-			
	A)	Shyama	B)	Shweta
	C)	Shiva	D)	Shambhavi
211	According to which Nighantu Durva is used for ‘ Grahabhutashanti’-			
	A)	Shodhalanighantu	B)	Rajanighantu
	C)	Kaiyadevanighantu	D)	None of above
212	Kamalabelongs to which gana according to Charaka-			
	A)	Mutravirechaneeya	B)	Mutral
	C)	Mutravirajaneeya	D)	None of above

213.	Ambhoruha is a synonym of –			
	A)	Pippali	B)	Talisapatra
	C)	Durva	D)	Kamala
214.	Shatapatra is a synonym of –			
	A)	Shatavari	B)	Vidari
	C)	Kamala	D)	None of above
215.	Kamal belongs to which gana according to Sushruta-			
	A)	Utpaladi	B)	Langhaneeya
	C)	Lekhana	D)	None of above
216.	Blue coloured Kamala is termed as-			
	A)	Utpala	B)	Padma
	C)	Indivara	D)	None of above
217.	Which dravya is ‘Garbhasansthapaka ‘according to Bhavprakash-			
	A)	Vidari	B)	Kamala
	C)	Langali	D)	None of above
218.	Beeja of Kamala are ‘ Vishtambhi’ according to-			
	A)	Shodhala	B)	Madhava
	C)	Raj	D)	Bhavprakash
219.	Main action of Putranjeeva is-			
	A)	Garbhasthapana	B)	Garbhopaghatakara
	C)	Jeevaneeya	D)	None of above
220.	According to Raja nighantu, Putranjeeva is-			
	A)	Avrushya	B)	Vrushya
	C)	Shukraghna	D)	None of above
221.	Putranjeeva is Chakshuya according to-			
	A)	Kaiyadeva	B)	Bhavprakash
	C)	Shodhala	D)	Rajanighantu
222.	Garbhasthapana karma of Putranjeeva is due to-			
	A)	Prabhav	B)	Rasa
	C)	Vipaka	D)	Veerya
223.	Ajada is a synonym of –			
	A)	Kapikacchu	B)	Shatavari
	C)	Yashtimadhu	D)	None of above
224.	Gana of Kapikacchu according to Charaka is-			
	A)	Pachaneeya	B)	Vatasanshamana
	C)	Mutravirechaneeya	D)	Balya
225.	Gana of Kapikacchu according to Sushruta is-			
	A)	Kaphasanshamana	B)	Pittasanshamana

	C)	Vatasanshamana	D)	None of above
226.	Roma on Kapicchu fruits are used for-			
	A)	Krumipatana	B)	Krumi Prakrutivighata
	C)	Kruminidanaparivarjana	D)	None of above
227.	Main Rasa of Kapikacchu according to Charaka is-			
	A)	Tikta	B)	Madhura
	C)	Katu	D)	None of above
228.	Kapikacchu belongs to which Gana according to Sushruta-			
	A)	Vidarigandhadi	B)	Kaphasanshamana
	C)	Aamlakyadi	D)	None of above
229	Adhydanda is a synonym of-			
	A)	Kapikacchu	B)	Vidari
	C)	Vata	D)	None of above
230	Family of Shweta Musali is-			
	A)	Liliaceae	B)	Compositae
	C)	Leguminasae	D)	None of above
231	According to Rajnighantu Musali is-			
	A)	Vatal	B)	Vatakaphala
	C)	Kaphada	D)	None of above
232	One of the synonym of Krushna Musali is-			
	A)	Talmuli	B)	Shweta
	C)	Shwetapatra	D)	None of above
233	According to Bhavprakash , is used in-			
	A)	Grahani	B)	Pratishhaya
	C)	Gulma	D)	None of above
234	Mutrasangrahaneeeya karma of Amra is done by-			
	A)	Beeja	B)	Patra
	C)	Mula	D)	None of above
235	Useful part of Jambu is-			
	A)	Beeja	B)	Patra
	C)	Twak	D)	All of above
236	Trikantaka is a synonym of –			
	A)	Gokshura	B)	Shala
	C)	Kasha	D)	None of above
237	Panchavalkala contains-			
	A)	Twak of 5 plants	B)	Mula of 5 plants
	C)	Patra of 5 plants	D)	Pushpa of 5 plants

238	Pramukha karma of Varuna is-			
	A)	Vrushya	B)	Ashmarinashana
	C)	Jwarahara	D)	All of above
239	Which dravya is showing Hepatoprotective action-			
	A)	Sarja	B)	Pashanabheda
	C)	Bakuchi	D)	Bhumyamalaki
240	One of the synonyms of Ashwattha is-			
	A)	Varuna	B)	Chalapatra
	C)	Bakuchi	D)	Plaksha
241	Useful part of Kankol is-			
	A)	Fruit	B)	Roots
	C)	Leaf	D)	All of above
242.	Pramukha Rasa of Vata is-			
	A)	Madhur	B)	Amla
	C)	Lavana	D)	Kashaya
243.	Pashanabheda is mainly found in-			
	A)	Maharashtra	B)	Himalayan range
	C)	Bihar	D)	Gujarat
244.	Hemadugdhaka is a synonym of-			
	A)	Udumbar	B)	Pashanabheda
	C)	Sarja	D)	Shala
245.	Which dravya belongs to Laghupanchamoola-			
	A)	Jambu	B)	Pashanabheda
	C)	Gokshura	D)	Vata
246.	Saccharum munjo is a latin name of-			
	A)	Shara	B)	Parish
	C)	Plaksha	D)	Kasha
247.	Following Gana is used in Yoniroga-			
	A)	Trunapanchamoola	B)	Panchavalkala
	C)	Trikatu	D)	Trijata
248.	Which dravya converts Kleda into Mutra-			
	A)	Vata	B)	Pippala
	C)	Gokshura	D)	Shala
249.	Veerya of Pashanabheda is-			
	A)	Sheeta	B)	Ushna
	C)	Anushna	D)	None of these
250.	Which dravya belongs to Capparidaceae family-			
	A)	Plaksha	B)	Varuna

	C)	Jambu	D)	Kankol
251.	According to raj Nighantu, Naipal Nimba is verity of			
	A)	Kiratatikta	B)	Mahanimba
	C)	Nimbi	D)	Mithanimba
252.	Kiratatikta is not included under which dashemani of Charaksamhita			
	A)	Stanyashodhan	B)	Trushnanighanaa
	C)	Jivaniya	D)	Tiktaskanda
253.	According to BhavaprakashaNighnatu ,Ramsenak (रामसेनक)is synonym of			
	A)	Guduchi	B)	Manjishtha
	C)	Amalaki	D)	Kiratatikta
254.	Which Nighantu states virya of Kiratattikta is to be Anushna			
	A)	Dhanwantari	B)	Shodhal
	C)	Bhavaprakash	D)	Madanpal
255.	Bhunimba is synonym for			
	A)	Kiratatkta	B)	Madanphala
	C)	Bhallatak	D)	Nimba
256.	Kiratattikta is included in which varga of Bhavaprakasha Nighantu			
	A)	Haritakyadi	B)	Karpuradi
	C)	Guduchyadi	D)	Vatadi
257.	<i>Trichosanthes dioica</i> is the scientific name of			
	A)	Patola	B)	Madanphala
	C)	Bakuchi	D)	Karvellak
258.	The family of the Patol is			
	A)	Cucurbitaceae	B)	Fabaceae
	C)	Umbelliferae	D)	Guttiferae
259.	Patol is included under which dashemani of Charaksamhita			
	A)	Stanyashodhan	B)	Trushnanighana
	C)	Jivaniya	D)	Jwaraghna
260.	According to BhavaprakashaNighnatu , Rajiphala(राजीफलः)is synonym of			
	A)	Guduchi	B)	Manjishtha
	C)	Patol	D)	Kiratatikta
261.	Bhavamishra quoted the root of Patol as			
	A)	Rechan	B)	Bhedan
	C)	Anuloman	D)	Sthambhan
262.	In Arghvadheeya adhyaya of Charaksamhita Patol is used for			

	A)	Udavartan	B)	Virechan
	C)	Deepan	D)	Bhedan
263.	According to Rasa Tarangini , which drug is considered as one of PanchaTikta dravya-			
	A)	Patol	B)	Bhallatak
	C)	Bruhata	D)	Bhunimba
264.	Saptaparna is not included under which dashemani of Charaksamhita			
	A)	Stanyashodhan	B)	Kusthaghna
	C)	Udardaprashaman	D)	Kashayaskanda
265.	Dalhana quoted“शाल्मलीसदृशपर्णो गजमदगन्धपुष्पः शरदि विकसनशील उच्चैर्वृक्षः” about			
	A)	Saptaparna	B)	Manjishtha
	C)	Shirisha	D)	Bhallatak
266.	The family of the Saptaparni is			
	A)	Cucurbitaceae	B)	Fabaceae
	C)	Apocynaceae	D)	Guttiferae
267.	Sharada is synonym for			
	A)	Kiratatkta	B)	Saptaparni
	C)	Bhallatak	D)	Nimba
268.	<i>Alstonia scholaris</i> is the scientific name of			
	A)	Saptaparna	B)	Madanphala
	C)	Bakuchi	D)	Karvellak
269.	Phyllotaxy of <i>Alstonia scholaris</i> is			
	A)	Whorl	B)	Opposite
	C)	Alternate	D)	Decussate
270.	Which drug is popularly known as Devil tree			
	A)	Saptaparna	B)	Bhallatak
	C)	Manjishtha	D)	Arjun
271.	The family of the Latakaranja is			
	A)	Cucurbitaceae	B)	Caesalpiniaceae
	C)	Apocynaceae	D)	Guttiferae
272.	Kuberaksha is synonym for			
	A)	Latakaranja	B)	Saptaparni
	C)	Bhallatak	D)	Nimba
273.	Latakaranja is included in which varga of Bhavaprakasha Nighantu			
	A)	Haritakyadi	B)	Karpuradi
	C)	Guduchyadi	D)	Vatadi

274.	<i>Leucas cephalotus</i> is the scientific name of			
	A)	Drona Pushpi	B)	Madanphala
	C)	Bakuchi	D)	Karvellak
275.	The family of the Dronapushpi is			
	A)	Cucurbitaceae	B)	Lamiaceae
	C)	Apocynaceae	D)	Guttiferae
276	Plant used as substitute for <i>Desmodium gangeticum</i> is			
	A)	Pseudarthria viscida	B)	Uraria picta
	C)	Sida cordifolia	D)	Mucuna pruruta
277.	Shaliparni is included under which dashemani of Charaksamhita			
	A)	Stanyashodhan	B)	Trushnanighana
	C)	Angamardaprashman	D)	Jwaraghna
278	Leaves of <i>Desmodium gangeticum</i> are			
	A)	Simple	B)	Unifoliolate
	C)	Trifoliolate	D)	Bifoliolate
279.	Vidarigandha is synonym for			
	A)	Shaliparni	B)	Saptaparni
	C)	Bhallatak	D)	Nimba
280.	In यज्जःपुरुषीयोऽध्यायः Charak described the drug as वृष्यसर्वदोषहराणां			
	A)	Shaliparni	B)	Paribhadra
	C)	Vidari	D)	Ankol
281.	Shaliparni is included under which gana of Sushrutsamhita			
	A)	Vidarigandha	B)	Vatasamshaman
	C)	Kashaya Varga	D)	Rodhradi
282.	Herbs used as substitute for prushniparni according to Bhaisajya Ratnavali			
	A)	Manjishtha	B)	Shatavari
	C)	Shaliparni	D)	Jivanti
283.	Prushniparni is included under which gana of Sushrutsamhita			
	A)	Haridradi	B)	Vatasamshaman
	C)	Kashaya Varga	D)	Rodhradi
284.	Chitraparni is synonym for			
	A)	Shaliparni	B)	Saptaparni
	C)	Bhallatak	D)	Nimba

285.	In यज्जःपुरुषीयोऽध्यायः following drug mentioned as साङ्ग्राहिकवातहरदीपनीयवृष्याणां			
	A)	Shaliparni	B)	Prushniparni
	C)	Kmashaparni	D)	Mudgaparni
286.	The term गुहा & अतिगुहा are used together for			
	A)	Shaliparni, Prishniparni	B)	Mudgaparni, Mashaparni
	C)	Bala, Atibal	D)	Meda, Mahameda
287.	शृगालविन्ना is synonym for			
	A)	Prushniparni	B)	Saptaparni
	C)	Bhallatak	D)	Nimba
288.	It one of the ingredient of Chaturbija			
	A)	Methika	B)	Sariva
	C)	Shunthi	D)	Vidarikanda
289.	Bala is included under which dashemani of Charaksamhita			
	A)	Stanyashodhan	B)	Prajasthapan
	C)	Angamardaprashman	D)	Jwaraghna
290.	According to Bhavamishra, how many varieties of Bala are mentioned			
	A)	1	B)	2
	C)	3	D)	4
291.	According to Bhavamishra, Gangeruki गाङ्गेरुकी is synonym for which Bala			
	A)	Bala	B)	Atibala
	C)	Mahabala	D)	Nagabala
292.	According to Bhavamishra, Sahadevi सहदेवी is synonym for which Bala			
	A)	Bala	B)	Atibala
	C)	Mahabala	D)	Nagabala
293.	According to Bhavamishra, Vrushyaprokta वृष्यप्रोक्ता is synonym for which bala			
	A)	Bala	B)	Atibala
	C)	Mahabala	D)	Nagabala
294.	According to Bhavamishra, Vataylaka (वाट्यालिका) is synonym for which bala			
	A)	Bala	B)	Atibala
	C)	Mahabala	D)	Nagabala
295.	<i>Sida rhombifolia</i> is the scientific name of			
	A)	Bala	B)	Atibala
	C)	Mahabala	D)	Nagabala

296.	How many typs of Bala are mentioned in Charak Samhita			
	A)	1	B)	2
	C)	3	D)	4
297.	According to chakrapani ,Bhadrodani(भद्रौदनी) is			
	A)	Bala	B)	Shwetabala
	C)	Pitabala	D)	Nagabala
298.	Vidarikanda is included under which dashemani of Charaksamhita			
	A)	Stanyashodhan	B)	Prajasthapan
	C)	Angamardaprashman	D)	Kanthya
299.	Vidarikanda is not included under which gana of Sushrutsamhita			
	A)	Vallipachamoola	B)	Vidarigandha
	C)	Pittasamshaman	D)	Eladigaha
300.	Ikshugandha is synonym for			
	A)	Shaliparni	B)	Saptaparni
	C)	Bhallatak	D)	Vidarikanda
301.	दीर्घकन्दो&हस्तिपादक are types of			
	A)	Vidarikanda	B)	Varahikanda
	C)	Suran	D)	Kushmanda
302.	Acharya Dallhana mentioned कोहलाकारो लोहितकुसुमः about which plant			
	A)	Vidarikanda	B)	Varahikanda
	C)	Suran	D)	Kushmanda
303.	Puraria tuberosa is scientific name for			
	A)	Shaliparni	B)	Saptaparni
	C)	Bhallatak	D)	Vidarikanda
304.	Payasvini & Kshirvally are synonyms for			
	A)	Vidari	B)	Kshiravidari
	C)	Manjishtha	D)	Sariva
305.	How many types of Vidri mentioned in sushrutsamhita			
	A)	1	B)	2
	C)	3	D)	4
306.	According to Chakrapani, Shukari is synonym for			
	A)	Vidari	B)	Kshiravidari
	C)	Varahikanda	D)	Sariva

307.	prathinidhidravya of Ruddhi and Vruddhi, according to bhavamishra			
	A)	Varahikanda	B)	Shalmali
	C)	Shatavari	D)	Vidari
308.	Vrindamadhava mentions Charmakarluka as substitute for			
	A)	Varahikanda	B)	Shalmali
	C)	Shatavari	D)	Vidari
309.	<i>Dioscorea bulbifera</i> is Scientific name of			
	A)	Varahikanda	B)	Vidarikanda
	C)	Kshiravidari	D)	Kushmand
310.	<i>Curcuma angustifolia</i> is scientific name of			
	A)	Tavakshir	B)	Amraharidra
	C)	Haridra	D)	Shati
311.	Part use of Tavakhir is			
	A)	Stem	B)	Rhizome
	C)	Flower	D)	Fruit
312.	Tavaksheeri is an herb belongs to family			
	A)	Zingiberaceae	B)	Moraceae
	C)	Euphorbiaceae	D)	Guttiferae
313.	Chandan is not included under which dashemani of Charaksamhita			
	A)	Vishaghna	B)	Trushnanighana
	C)	Jivaniya	D)	Varnya
314.	Charaka indicated the drug for दुर्गन्धहरदाहनिर्वापणलेपनानां			
	A)	Chandana	B)	Sariva
	C)	Bhallatak	D)	Manjishtha
315.	Types of Chandan mentioned in Dhanvantarinighantu			
	A)	4	B)	5
	C)	6	D)	8
316.	Chandan is included under which gana of Sushrut samhita			
	A)	Asanadi	B)	Vidaarigandhaadi
	C)	Aaragwadhaadi	D)	Varunaadi
317.	Types of Chandan mentioned in Bhavaprakashnighantu			
	A)	4	B)	5
	C)	6	D)	8

318.	Kuchandan is included under which gana of Sushrut samhita			
	A)	Mustaadi	B)	Gudoochyaadi
	C)	Saalsaraadi	D)	Nyagrodhaadi Gana
319.	According to Bhavamishra, following is not type of chandan			
	A)	Raktachandana	B)	Kaliyak
	C)	Kuchandan	D)	Asanad
320.	Shrikhnda is synonym for following			
	A)	Chandan	B)	Sariva
	C)	Vacha	D)	Eranda
321.	Following is semiparasitic plant			
	A)	Amra	B)	Chandan
	C)	Bhallatak	D)	Madhuk
322.	Part used of Chandan is			
	A)	Heart Wood	B)	Bark
	C)	Leaf	D)	Flower
323.	<i>Pterocarpus santalinus</i> is scientific name for			
	A)	Chandana	B)	Sariva
	C)	Bhallatak	D)	Raktachandan
324.	Winged pod is character of following plant			
	A)	Bibhitak	B)	Raktachandan
	C)	Arghvadga	D)	Bhallatak
325.	<i>Michelia champaca</i> is scientific name of			
	A)	Champak	B)	Raktachandan
	C)	Arghvadga	D)	Bhallatak
326.	Family of Champak			
	A)	Cucurbitaceae	B)	Fabaceae
	C)	Umbelliferae	D)	Magnoliaceae
327.	Hemapushpa is synonym for			
	A)	Prushniparni	B)	Saptaparni
	C)	Bhallatak	D)	Champak
328.	Rajachampaka & Kshudra are types of champak explained by			
	A)	Raj Nighantu	B)	Shaligram Nighantu
	C)	Priya Nighantu	D)	Dhanvantari Nighantu
329.	Ela is included under which dashemani of Charaksamhita			
	A)	Shirovirechana	B)	Trushnanighana

	C)	jivaniya	D)	Varnya
330.	Abortifacient property of Ela is documented by			
	A)	Raj Nighantu	B)	Bhavaprakash
	C)	Kaiyadev	D)	Shaligram
331.	<i>Amomum subulatum</i> is Scientific name for a			
	A)	Chandana	B)	Sariva
	C)	Bhallatak	D)	Bruhatela
332.	<i>Amomum subulatum</i> is used as substitute for			
	A)	Ela	B)	Sariva
	C)	Mandukparni	D)	Chandan
333.	<i>Aqualaria agollacha</i> is scientific name of			
	A)	Champak	B)	Agaru
	C)	Arghvadga	D)	Bhallatak
334.	Loha is synonym for			
	A)	Prushniparni	B)	Saptaparni
	C)	Bhallatak	D)	Agaru
335.	Family of Agaru			
	A)	Cucurbitaceae	B)	Thymaliaceae
	C)	Umbelliferae	D)	Magnoliaceae
336.	Agaru is included under which dashemani of Charaksamhita			
	A)	Sheetaprashaman	B)	Prajasthapan
	C)	Angamardaprashman	D)	Kanthya
337.	Types of Agaru mentioned in Shodhalmighantu			
	A)	3	B)	4
	C)	5	D)	2
338.	Types of Agaru mentioned in Raj nighantu			
	A)	3	B)	4
	C)	5	D)	2
339.	According to Charak, following is Vyadhi Viparitarthakarioushadha for Jwara			
	A)	Agaru	B)	Bhallatak
	C)	Nagkeshar	D)	Manjishtha
340.	Which drug of the following is useful in enhancing the warmth			
	A)	Sariwa	B)	Manjishtha
	C)	Agaru	D)	Chandan
341.	The fungal infestation of this tree's heart wood result in the secretion of Oleo-resin			
	A)	Agaru	B)	Bhallatak

	C)	Nagkeshar	D)	Manjishtha
342.	Phialophora parasitica is related with following plat			
	A)	Karkatshrungi	B)	Agaru
	C)	Haritaki	D)	Madhuka
343.	Part use of Agaru is			
	A)	Stem	B)	Rhizome
	C)	Flower	D)	Heartwood
344.	Major constituents of sandalwood oil are			
	A)	α - and β -santalols	B)	Gingerol
	C)	α turmeron	D)	α -terpinyl acetate
345.	Dried fruits of this plant used as soap-nut			
	A)	Arishthaka	B)	Bhallatak
	C)	Kalmegha	D)	Guduchi
346.	Action "Garbhapatan" is related with following			
	A)	Sariwa	B)	Arishthaka
	C)	Agaru	D)	Chandan
347.	According to Sushrut Samhita, which of following mentioned as MoolVisha			
	A)	Gunja	B)	Bhallatak
	C)	Kutaki	D)	Ahiphen
348.	Types of Gunja mentioned in Bhavaprakashnighantu			
	A)	3	B)	4
	C)	5	D)	2
349.	Major chemical constituents present in Gunja			
	A)	Abrine	B)	Alangine
	C)	Lupeol	D)	Botulin
350.	दीर्घकील: is synonym of			
	A)	Ankol	B)	Bhallatak
	C)	Kutaki	D)	Ahiphen
351.	गुप्तस्नेह: is synonym of			
	A)	Ankol	B)	Bhallatak
	C)	Kutaki	D)	Ahiphen
352.	According to Dalhana Flower of Ankol is considered as			
	A)	Morat	B)	Dugdha
	C)	Murva	D)	Takra

353.	<i>Callicarpa macrophylla</i> , <i>Prunus mahaleb</i> & <i>Agalia roxburghia</i> are in used in the name of			
	A)	Priyangu	B)	Sariva
	C)	Mandukparni	D)	Chandan
354.	Which drug is used by Indian Vaidyas of Mumbai Region for Phalamajja (fruit pulp) as Priyangu.			
	A)	<i>Callicarpa macrophylla</i>	B)	<i>Prunus mahaleb</i>
	C)	<i>Agalia roxburghia</i>	D)	<i>Buchanania latifolia</i>
355.	Priyangu is included under which dashemani of Charaksambhita			
	A)	Purishasangrahanaya	B)	Prajasthapan
	C)	Angamardaprashman	D)	Kanthya
356.	<i>Hemidesmus indicus</i> R.Br. and belonging to family			
	A)	Cucurbitaceae	B)	Sapindaceae
	C)	Umbelliferae	D)	Asclepiadaceae
357.	Drug is also known as Indian Sarsaparilla			
	A)	Priyangu	B)	Sariva
	C)	Mandukparni	D)	Chandan
358.	Acharya Charaka described Sariva in following Mahakashaya			
	A)	Vishaghna	B)	Trushnanighana
	C)	Jivaniya	D)	Varnya
359.	<i>Ichnocarpus frutescens</i> is one of the source of			
	A)	Sariva	B)	Bhallatak
	C)	Kutaki	D)	Ahiphen
360.	Phyllotaxy of Manjistha is			
	A)	Whorl	B)	Opposite
	C)	Alternate	D)	Decussate
361.	योजनवल्ली is synonym of			
	A)	Manjistha	B)	Bhallatak
	C)	Kutaki	D)	Ahiphen
362.	Acharya Charaka not described Manjistha in following Mahakashaya			
	A)	Vishaghna	B)	Trushnanighana
	C)	Jwaraghna	D)	Varnya
363.	How many types of Manjishtha mentioned by Raj Nighantu			
	A)	1	B)	2
	C)	3	D)	4

364.	Artagala is Synonym for.....			
	A)	Sayreyak	B)	Pippali
	C)	Khadir	D)	Araghvad
365.	Shodhan of Bhallatak is done....			
	A)	Churnodak	B)	Kanji
	C)	Gomutra& Godugdha	D)	Guduchiswaras
366.	Bhilwanol & Semecarpanol are found in....			
	A)	<i>Semicarpus anacardium</i>	B)	<i>Cassia tora</i>
	C)	<i>Cassia fistula</i>	D)	<i>Acacia catechu</i>
367.	Drug has not been included in kushthaghnagana of CharakSamhita...			
	A)	Khadir	B)	Haridra
	C)	Aaragvadha	D)	Bibhitak
368.	Flavonoid curcumin is active principle of			
	A)	Japa	B)	Haridra
	C)	Vidanga	D)	Rohitak
369.	Compound Leaves & papilionaceous flower are Key characters of ...			
	A)	Fumariaceae	B)	Liliaceae
	C)	Fabaceae	D)	Solanaceae
370.	Morphology of Jivanti....			
	A)	Twining climber	B)	Herb
	C)	Tree	D)	Grass
371.	Yoshitpriya is Synonym for.....			
	A)	Guduchi	B)	Shatavari
	C)	Vacha	D)	Haridra
372.	Pramukha Karma of Sharapunkha.....			
	A)	Medhya	B)	Arsahoghna
	C)	Amahara	D)	Plihaghna
373.	Family of Rohitak is.....			
	A)	Fumariaceae	B)	Bignoniaceae
	C)	Euphorbiaceae	D)	Solanaceae
374.	Part use of Suran is.....			
	A)	Flower	B)	Leaves
	C)	Tuber	D)	fruit
375.	According to bhavaprakash ,Drug used n treatment of Syphilis			
	A)	Chopchini	B)	Arishthaka
	C)	Agaru	D)	Chandan
376.	The number of Karan Dravya is			
	A)	2	B)	5

	C)	8	D)	9
377.	Which varga is mentioned in Charak samhita Chapter 3 as Ushan veerya dravya-			
	A)	Agurvadi taila	B)	Chandanadi taila
	C)	Dipaniya	D)	Shoolaprashaman
378.	Types of Dravya according to Yonibheda are			
	A)	2	B)	5
	C)	4	D)	3
379.	As per Acharya Charak Chandanadi taila varaga druga are			
	A)	Ushnaveerya	B)	Madhur rasa
	C)	Sheet veerya	D)	None of above
380.	Types of Dravya according to Prayogabheda are			
	A)	2	B)	3
	C)	5	D)	4
381.	Following mishrak gana is mentioned in Shvayathuhar Mahakashaya [As per Charak]-			
	A)	Jeevaniya panchamoola	B)	Dashamoola
	C)	Valli panchamoola	D)	Non of above
382.	Action of Shushka Shaka is			
	A)	Pittakopan	B)	Swasthahita
	C)	Kaphakopan	D)	Vatakopan
383.	Which is a Swasthahita Dravya of the following ?			
	A)	Sarshap	B)	Haridra
	C)	Shyamak	D)	Jivanti
384.	Udumber is the example of			
	A)	Vanaspati	B)	Virudha
	C)	Vanaspatya	D)	Oshadhi
385.	Gorachan is an example of			
	A)	Vanaspati	B)	Oshadhi
	C)	Parthiv	D)	Jangam
386.	The example of Andaja Dravya is			
	A)	Krumi	B)	Pakshi
	C)	Pashu	D)	Manduka
387.	Sushruta has classified Ahar Dravya in classes			
	A)	12	B)	23
	C)	24	D)	31
388.	Vandak is the example of			
	A)	Jalaja	B)	Sthalaja

	C)	Vrukshadana	D)	Vruksharuha
389.	According to Ayubheden, Yava is the example of			
	A)	Dwivarshayu	B)	Bahuvarshayu
	C)	Trivarshayu	D)	Ekavarshayu
390.	Kodrava is a Dravya from			
	A)	Phalavarga	B)	Dhanyavarga
	C)	Shakavarga	D)	Jalavarga
391.	Which one of the Following is the Rakshoghna Dravya ?			
	A)	Gairik	B)	Guggulu
	C)	Eranda	D)	Guduchi
392.	Following is a Upavisha Dravya-			
	A)	Pippali	B)	Guduchi
	C)	Sariva	D)	Langali
393.	The example of Shooka Dhanya is			
	A)	Godhuma	B)	Masura
	C)	Masha	D)	Mudga
394.	Types of Dravya according to Doshakarma bheda are			
	A)	4	B)	2
	C)	3	D)	5
395.	Nagavalli is an example of			
	A)	Sutrarohini	B)	Mularohini
	C)	Badisharohini	D)	Patrarohini
396.	Madhyam Panchamula has been mentioned by			
	A)	Charak	B)	Sushrut
	C)	Vagbhat	D)	Nagarjun
397.	Dravya mentioned in Laghu Panchamula and Kantak Panchamula is			
	A)	Shalaparni	B)	Prushniparni
	C)	Shatavari	D)	Gokshur
398.	Dravya which is not mentioned in Valli Panchamula is			
	A)	Vidari	B)	Punarnava
	C)	Manjishtha	D)	Guduchi
399.	Madhur Triphala doesn't contain			
	A)	Gambhari	B)	Kharjur
	C)	Parushak	D)	Draksha
400.	Which dravya is not included in Trijata ?			
	A)	Twak	B)	Nagakeshar
	C)	Ela	D)	Patra

401	Which dravya is not included in Trikatu ?			
	A)	Ela	B)	Shunthi
	C)	Marich	D)	Pippali
402.	Which is the ingredient of Trimad ?			
	A)	Shatavari	B)	Ahiphen
	C)	Bhanga	D)	Chitrak
403.	Which is not the ingredient of Panchavalkala ?			
	A)	Udumber	B)	Jambu
	C)	Plaksha	D)	Kapitan
404	Which is the dravya of Sugandhi Triphala ?			
	A)	Japa	B)	Lavanga
	C)	Nagakeshar	D)	Karpur
405	Main Rasa of Triphala is			
	A)	Madhur	B)	Katu
	C)	Amla	D)	Kashay
406	Which is not the ingredient of Chaturbija ?			
	A)	Methi	B)	Dhanyak
	C)	Yavani	D)	Chandrashura
407	Which dravya is not included in Ashtavarga?			
	A)	Jivak	B)	Mahameda
	C)	Mudgaparni	D)	Riddhi
408	Which dravya is not the ingredient of Trikarshik			
	A)	Guduchi	B)	Shunthi
	C)	Musta	D)	Ativisha
409	Which dravya is not included in Pittapanchak			
	A)	Matsya	B)	Ashva
	C)	Mayur	D)	Mahish
410	Which dravya is not included in Dashamula ?			
	A)	Kantakari	B)	Bruhati
	C)	Bilva	D)	Mashaparni
411	Doshakarma of Bruhat Panchamula is			
	A)	Kaphavatashaman	B)	Kaphapittashaman
	C)	Kaphapittavardhan	D)	Vatapittavardhan
412	Karma of Truna Panchamula is			
	A)	Bruhan	B)	Lekhan
	C)	Mutrajanan	D)	Bhedan
413	Veera is the ingredient of			
	A)	Truna Panchamula	B)	Kantak Panchamula

	C)	Madhyam Panchamula	D)	Jivan Panchamula
414.	Pancha Valkala is useful as			
	A)	Raktastambhan	B)	Astringent
	C)	Vranashodhan	D)	All above
415.	Common dravya of Brihat Panchamula and Panchapallava is			
	A)	Patala	B)	Gambhari
	C)	Bilva	D)	Jambu
416.	Collection time of Patra [leaves] is			
	A)	Shishir	B)	Varsha
	C)	Grishma	D)	Hemant
417.	Collection time of Mula [root] is			
	A)	Shishir	B)	Varsha
	C)	Grishma	D)	Hemant
418.	Which rasa is produced Shotha and raktavikar when used in excess quantity?			
	A)	Katu	B)	Madhur
	C)	Lavan	D)	All the above
419.	According to Charak Collection time of Kanda [stem] is			
	A)	Sharad	B)	Varsha
	C)	Hemant	D)	Vasant
420.	Collection of Sara is to be done in			
	A)	Varsha	B)	Hemant
	C)	Vasant	D)	Shishir
421.	According to Sushrut collection of Mula is to be done in			
	A)	Pravrut	B)	Varsha
	C)	Sharad	D)	Hemant
422.	According to Raja Nighantu Mula is to be collected in			
	A)	Shishir	B)	Vasant
	C)	Sharad	D)	Hemant
423.	In which bhumi Collection of Virechan dravya is to be done			
	A)	Agneya	B)	Jaliya
	C)	Vayaviya	D)	Akashiya
424.	Collection time of Kshir is			
	A)	Vasant	B)	Sharad
	C)	Varsha	D)	Shishir
425.	Which one is best Sukahavirechan dravya as per Charak samhita			
	A)	Haritaki	B)	Danti
	C)	Kutaki	D)	Trivrut

426.	Prayojyanga of Asthishrunkhala is			
	A)	Twak	B)	Kanda
	C)	Bija	D)	Phala
427.	Useful part of Swarnapatri is			
	A)	Mula	B)	Twak
	C)	Bija	D)	Patra
428.	Shodhan of Raktachitak is done in			
	A)	Ksheer	B)	Nimbu swaras
	C)	Kanji	D)	Choornodak
429.	Mula [root] is the Upayuktanga of			
	A)	Patola	B)	Kupilu
	C)	Dhanyak	D)	Atibala
430.	Pathayapathya vibodhak is the synonym of			
	A)	Raj Nighantu	B)	Dhanvantari Nighantu
	C)	Nighsnatu Adarsh	D)	Kaideo Nighantu
431.	Patra [leaves] is the Prayojyanga of			
	A)	Bibhitak	B)	Dhanyak
	C)	Talisha	D)	Varahi
432.	Kanda[stem] is the Prayojyanga of			
	A)	Gojihva	B)	Bola
	C)	Shunthi	D)	Shalaparni
433.	Prayojyanga of Palash is			
	A)	Patra	B)	Phala
	C)	Kanda	D)	Bija
434.	Prayojyanga of Katphala is			
	A)	Twak	B)	Phala
	C)	Patra	D)	Bija
435.	Twak [bark] is the Prayojyanga of			
	A)	Karpasa	B)	Ela
	C)	Tulasi	D)	Ashoka
436.	Pachabhautik sanghatan of Madhur Rasa is			
	A)	Pruthvi+ Vayu	B)	Jala + Teja
	C)	Pruthvi + Jala	D)	Pruthvi + Teja
437.	Pachabhautik sanghatan of Amla Rasa is			
	A)	Bhumi+ Teja	B)	Pruthvi + Vayu
	C)	Bhumi + Jala	D)	Pruthvi + Akash
438.	All the drugs of Triphala indivisually mentioned in which of the following Dashemani as per Charak samhita			

	A)	Shirovirechanopaga	B)	Ashthapanopaga
	C)	Prajasthapan	D)	Virechanopaga
439.	Sarvapratanik lakshan is given for -			
	A)	Amla Rasa	B)	Lavan Rasa
	C)	Madhur Rasa	D)	Katu Rasa
440.	As per Charak Samhita which dahtu is mentioned as example when explained trividh vipakwad-			
	A)	Rasa	B)	Majja
	C)	Shukra	D)	Rakta
441.	Pachabhautik sanghatan of Kashay Rasa is			
	A)	Bhumi+ Jala	B)	Pruthvi + Akash
	C)	Pruthvi + Teja	D)	Bhumi + Vayu
442.	Guna of Madhur Rasa is			
	A)	Ruksha	B)	Tikshna
	C)	Sukshma	D)	Snigdha
443.	Guna of Amla Rasa is			
	A)	Ruksha	B)	Shita
	C)	Ushna	D)	Guru
444.	According to Charak and Sushrut which mahabhuta is the yoni [origin] of Shadarasa-			
	A)	Akash	B)	Pruthavi
	C)	Vayu	D)	Jala
445.	Guna of Katu Rasa is			
	A)	Snigdha	B)	Ushna
	C)	Shita	D)	Guru
446.	Best anupan for Grahani is			
	A)	Kshir	B)	Ghruta
	C)	Takra	D)	Ushnodak
447.	According to Agraya samgrah of Charak Samhita, Chioce of drug for Jwar is			
	A)	Rason	B)	Trikatu
	C)	Musta	D)	Hingu
448.	Which guna are used as supportive guna for succesful treatment?			
	A)	Vaisheshik	B)	Gurvadi
	C)	Atama	D)	Paradi
449.	Which of the following Anupan is used for Avaleha kalpana-			
	A)	Kshir- Ghee	B)	Ghee- Jala
	C)	Ghee- Sarkara	D)	Jala- Kshir
450.	Anupan for Atisara is			
	A)	Chitrak	B)	Kutaja

	C)	Punarnava	D)	Pippali
451.	According to Sharangdhar , aushadha sevan kal for Shwas vyadhi is -			
	A)	Pragbhakta	B)	Sabhakta
	C)	Muhurmuhu	D)	Madhyabhakta
452.	In Apanvayu vikar Aushadhi is given			
	A)	Pragbhakta	B)	Muhurmuhu
	C)	Nisha	D)	Sagras
453.	In Sarvang vata vikar Aushadhi is given			
	A)	Madhyabhakta	B)	Samudga
	C)	Sagras	D)	Nisha
454.	In Urdhwajatrugata vikar Aushadhi is given			
	A)	Nisha	B)	Samudga
	C)	Sagrasantar	D)	Sabhakta
455.	One Prastha is equal to ---- tola [gram]			
	A)	32 [320]	B)	48 [480]
	C)	64 [640]	D)	24 [240]
456.	The relation of Guna and Karma in Dravya			
	A)	Vishesh sambandha	B)	Samanya sambandha
	C)	Samvay sambandh	D)	Abhav sambandha
457.	Dravya is best due to its			
	A)	Vyavasthitva	B)	Panchedriyagrahanat
	C)	Swajatiavasthan	D)	All the above
458.	Dravya samgrah consist of			
	A)	Nine dravyas	B)	Ten dravyas
	C)	Eleven dravyas	D)	Forty two dravyas
459.	Total number of dashemani group mentioned in Charak Samhita			
	A)	10	B)	20
	C)	50	D)	100
460.	The first and foremost nighantu for Dravyaguna			
	A)	DhanvantariNighantu	B)	MadanpalNighantu
	C)	Raj Nighantu	D)	KaidaeNighantu
461.	Synonyms description with different types is mentioned by			
	A)	Raj Nighantu	B)	MadanpalNighantu
	C)	KaidaeNighantu	D)	NighantuAdarsh

462.	Flowers of Dhataki are collected during the month of:			
	A)	January to February	B)	October to December
	C)	February to April	D)	July to September
463	The gum resin of <i>Commiphora wightii</i> has an adulterant derived from:			
	A)	<i>Ferula asafoetida</i>	B)	<i>Commiphora myrrha</i>
	C)	<i>Bombax malabarica</i>	D)	<i>Shorea robusta</i>
464.	Magadhi is the synonym of			
	A)	Kumari	B)	Pippali
	C)	Arka	D)	Bakuchi
465	Sangrahakal of Twak [Bark] is			
	A)	Sharad	B)	Vasant
	C)	Varsha	D)	Greeshma
466.	Mahaushadha is the synonym of			
	A)	Giloi	B)	Madhuyasti
	C)	Shunthi	D)	Amaltasa
467	Author of Raj Nighantu			
	A)	Kaideo	B)	Bhavamishra
	C)	Narhari Pandit	D)	Dhanvantari
468.	Ashwagandha is substitute for			
	A)	Rudhi- Vrudhi	B)	Meda- Mahmeda
	C)	Kakoli- Kshirkakoli	D)	Jeevak- Rushabhak
469	Madhu and Ghrut in equal quantity is			
	A)	MatraViruddha	B)	Karma Viruddha
	C)	SanskarVirudda	D)	None of these
470.	Total varga of Bhavprakash Nighantu			
	A)	23	B)	07
	C)	12	D)	15

471.	Samshan Drvaya is collected from			
	A)	Vayu Pradhan bhumi	B)	Akash Pradhan bhumi
	C)	Jalapradhan bhumi	D)	Pruthvipradhan bhumi
472	Which drug is used for shodhan of Ahiphen?			
	A)	Adrak Swaras	B)	Ishtika churna
	C)	Lashun kalka	D)	Shunthi Kawath
473.	Shelf life of extracts is for			
	A)	3-5 years	B)	1-2 years
	C)	2 months	D)	4-6 months
474	Best drug for shodhan of any Vishadravyas			
	A)	Godugdha	B)	Goghrut
	C)	Kanji	D)	NimbuSwaras
475.	Which process is used to alter the quality of substances and detoxification of plant drugs?			
	A)	Maran	B)	Nirvap
	C)	Shodhan	D)	Bhavna
476.	Sequence rasa using for Kapha roga			
	A)	Katu,Tikta , Kashay	B)	Tikta, Amla, Madhur
	C)	Kashay, Tikta, Lavan	D)	Madhur, Katu, Tikta
477.	Parinam laksha Vipak is mentioned by			
	A)	Charak	B)	Sushrut
	C)	Nagarjuna	D)	Vagbhat
478.	Guru vipak and Laghu vipak described by			
	A)	Charakacharya	B)	Vagbhatacharya
	C)	Sushrutacharya	D)	None of these

479.	Karma Nishthaya is for			
	A)	Veerya	B)	Vipak
	C)	Prabhav	D)	Rasa
480.	Lavan, Amla ras are			
	A)	Vataprakop	B)	Pitta prakop
	C)	Kapha shamak	D)	None of above
481.	<i>Srushtavinmootra</i> action is done by			
	A)	Madhur and Katu Vipak	B)	Katu vipak
	C)	Madhur and Amla vipak	D)	Katu and Amla Vipak
482	यस्य _____ शक्ति सः सूक्ष्मः I			
	A)	विवरणे	B)	संवरणे
	C)	विलोडने	D)	लंघने
483.	Which of the following property that penetrate the tissue			
	A)	Sthula	B)	Sooskhama
	C)	Sandra	D)	Drav
484.	One Masha is equivalent to			
	A)	10 gram	B)	04 gram
	C)	06 gram	D)	01 gram
485.	Which one of the following belongs to tikta shandha of Charak Samhita ?			
	A)	Avalguja	B)	Ashwagandha
	C)	Chitrak	D)	Agnimantha
486.	Which taila is said Madhura –rasa, Ushna- Teekshana guna and Madhura vipak by Acharya Sushrut			
	A)	Kusumbha	B)	Eranda
	C)	Sarshapa	D)	Vidanga
487.	According to Bhavprakash nighantu Haritaki is contraindicated in			
	A)	Sandhivata	B)	Amavata
	C)	Pregnancy	D)	Kaphaj Vyakti
488	The types of dravya according rasanusar Vikalpabhed [Amshash kalpana]			
	A)	06	B)	20
	C)	63	D)	40
489	According to Nagarjuna the Panchabhautiktva composition of kashay rasa is			
	A)	Pruthvi- Agni	B)	Vayu- Akash
	C)	Agni- Jala	D)	Agni- Vayu
490	Bhuta predominance in Picchila guna is			

	A)	Jala	B)	Agni
	C)	Vayu	D)	Akash
491	Shaktiveerya vada is contributed by			
	A)	Dalhan	B)	Chakrapani
	C)	Arundatta	D)	Kashyap
492	All the following groups contain Sunthi except			
	A)	Trayushna	B)	Chaturushan
	C)	Panchakola	D)	Chaturbeej
493	All the druga having Grahi property except			
	A)	Sunthi	B)	Gajpippali
	C)	Jiraka	D)	Kutaj
494	The synonyms Magadhi denotes its			
	A)	Pharmacognocoy	B)	Pharmacological action
	C)	Mode of action	D)	Place of origin
495.	Common drug on Vallipanchamoola, Chaturbhadra and Panchatikta group			
	A)	Guduchi	B)	Manjishtha
	C)	Vasa	D)	Patol
496.	Awar [Inferior] Rasa of Rooksha guna is			
	A)	Kashaya Rasa	B)	Tikta Rasa
	C)	Katu Rasa	D)	Amla Rasa
497	Bark of Ashok contains following active constituent			
	A)	Strychnine	B)	Laturidine
	C)	Resin	D)	Haematylene
498	Upalabdhi of Veerya is from			
	A)	Nipat	B)	Adiwas
	C)	Nipat+ Adiwas	D)	None of these
499	Rhizome is			
	A)	Leaf modification	B)	Fruit modification
	C)	Underground stem modification	D)	Stem modification
500	Agray dravya for Prameh as per Charak Samhita -			
	A)	Haridra+ Amalaki	B)	Musta+ Parpat
	C)	Daruharidra + Nisha	D)	Amalaki+ Daruharidra
501	Useful part of Kumkum is			
	A)	Stigma	B)	Stamen
	C)	Corolla	D)	Calyx
502	Useful part of Palandu is			
	A)	Fruit	B)	Root

	C)	Rizome	D)	Bulb
503.	Which of the following drug is belongs to Rosaceae Family			
	A)	Rasna	B)	Padmaka
	C)	Nili	D)	Kadamba
504.	Which of the following drug is belongs to Rubiaceae Family			
	A)	Rasna	B)	Kumkum
	C)	Yavani	D)	Gandhprasarini
505.	Madakarini is the synonym of			
	A)	Parasik Yavani	B)	Devdaru
	C)	Tagara	D)	Sarpgandha
506.	KatuTaila is the name of			
	A)	NimbaTaila	B)	KaranjaTaila
	C)	SarshapaTaila	D)	TilaTaila
507.	<i>Pluchea lanceolata</i> is the botanical Name of			
	A)	Kumkum	B)	Kadamba
	C)	Karanja	D)	Rasna
508.	Botanical Name of theRajika is			
	A)	<i>Brassica juncea</i>	B)	<i>Brassica campestris</i>
	C)	<i>Coccus nucifera</i>	D)	<i>Raphanus sativus</i>
509.	Narikela is belongs to			
	A)	Brassicaceae family	B)	Acoraceae family
	C)	Arecaceae family	D)	Asteraceae family
510.	Nimba is belong to			
	A)	Meliaceae Family	B)	Myristicaceae family
	C)	Myricaceae family	D)	Rutaceae family
511.	The Rasa absent in Rasona is			
	A)	Amla	B)	Madhur
	C)	Katu	D)	Kashaya
512.	<i>Valeriana wallichii</i> is the botanical name of			
	A)	Devdaru	B)	Kadamba
	C)	Jatamansi	D)	Tagara
513.	Which of the following is Madhurvipaki Dravya			
	A)	Nili	B)	Tila
	C)	Ushira	D)	Tagara
514.	Which of the following is Katuvipaki Dravya			
	A)	Narikela	B)	Tila
	C)	Bhrungraja	D)	Palandu

515.	The drug having Keshyakarma is			
	A)	<i>Hyoscyamus niger</i>	B)	<i>Eclipta alba</i>
	C)	<i>Moringa oleifera</i>	D)	<i>Clitoria ternatea</i>
516.	Which of the following is Sheetaveerya Dravya			
	A)	Devdaru	B)	Gandhprasarini
	C)	Padamka	D)	Tagara
517.	SreshthaVatharadravya according to Charaka is			
	A)	Rasna	B)	Devdaru
	C)	Karanja	D)	Tagara
518.	Sinduvara is synonym of			
	A)	Khadira	B)	Nirgundi
	C)	Sarshapa	D)	Bakuchi
519.	Vruttapushpa is a synonym of			
	A)	Kadamba	B)	Nirgundi
	C)	Sarshapa	D)	Aragvadha
520.	Doshakarma of Nili is			
	A)	Vata-Pittashamaka	B)	Kapha-Vatshamaka
	C)	Kapha-Pittashamak	D)	Tridoshshamaka
521.	Karnel is the prayojanga of			
	A)	Devdaru	B)	Narikela
	C)	Punarnava	D)	Varuna
522.	Rasa of Pamdaka is			
	A)	Kashya,Tikta	B)	Kashaya , Katu
	C)	Katu ,Tikta	D)	Madhur ,Tikta
523.	Swarupa of Nirgundi is			
	A)	Lata	B)	Vruksha
	C)	Gulma	D)	Kshupa
524.	Swarupa of <i>Cedrus deodara</i> is			
	A)	Lata	B)	Vruksha
	C)	Gulma	D)	Kshupa
525.	Pramukha Karmaof <i>Crocus sativus</i> is			
	A)	Keshya	B)	Vedanasthapana
	C)	Varnya	D)	Kandughna
526.	<i>Acorus calamus</i> is the botanical Name of			
	A)	Vacha	B)	Kadamba
	C)	Karanja	D)	Rasna
527.	<i>Abies webiana</i> is the botanical Name of			
	A)	Kutaki	B)	Shati

	C)	Talisha	D)	Tamalpatra
528.	<i>Bacopa monnieri</i> is the botanical Name of			
	A)	Mandukparni	B)	Jatamansi
	C)	Karanja	D)	Bramhi
529.	<i>Hyoscyamus niger</i> is the botanical Name of			
	A)	Gandhprasarini	B)	Shatapushpa
	C)	ParasikYavani	D)	Yavani
530.	<i>Crocus sativus</i> is the botanical Name of			
	A)	Kumkum	B)	Kadamba
	C)	Padmaka	D)	Nagkeshara
531.	Ghruatpura is the synonym of			
	A)	Sarshpa	B)	Karanja
	C)	Nimba	D)	Devdaru
532.	Shobhanjana is the synonym of			
	A)	Sarpagandha	B)	Bibhitak
	C)	Shigru	D)	Aguru
533.	Aasuri is the synonym of			
	A)	Rajika	B)	Sarshpa
	C)	Hingu	D)	Devdaru
534.	Munidruma is the synonym of			
	A)	Tulasi	B)	Talishpatra
	C)	Agastya	D)	Khadira
535.	Karshaphala is the synonym of			
	A)	Haritaki	B)	Bibhitaka
	C)	Amalaki	D)	Pippali
536.	Reserpin Alkaloid is isolated from			
	A)	Sarpagandha	B)	Kupilu
	C)	Vatsnabha	D)	Aguru
537.	) Useful part of Karkatshrungi is			
	A)	Fruit	B)	Root
	C)	Stem	D)	Insect Gall
538.	Useful part of Rasona is			
	A)	Fruit	B)	Flower
	C)	Rizome	D)	Bulb
539.	Useful part of Lavanga is			
	A)	Fruit	B)	Flower
	C)	Flower Bud	D)	Seed

540.	Useful part of Ahiphena is			
	A)	Dried Latex of fruit	B)	Flower
	C)	Resin	D)	Gum
541.	Viranamoola is name of			
	A)	Musta	B)	Ushira
	C)	Durva	D)	Tagara
542.	The alkaloid present in <i>Papaver somniferum</i> is			
	A)	Connessin	B)	Brucine
	C)	Morphine	D)	Atropine
543.	Leaves of Vatsnabha resembles with			
	A)	Sinduvra leaves	B)	Ashoka leaves
	C)	Sariva leaves	D)	Devdaru Leaves
544.	Which of the following is having Madhura Rasa			
	A)	Rasna	B)	Gandhaprasarini
	C)	Kushmnda	D)	Tagara
545.	Which of the following is having Tikta Rasa			
	A)	Rajika	B)	Agastya
	C)	Jiraka	D)	Eranda
546.	Strychnine is isolated from			
	A)	Sarpagandha	B)	Vishtinduka
	C)	Vatsnabha	D)	Ativisha
547.	Which of the following is not included in Medhya Rasayana by Charaka			
	A)	Vacha	B)	Guduchi
	C)	Shankhapushpi	D)	Yashtimadhu
548.	The best Medhya Rasayana drug according to Charaka is			
	A)	Bramhi	B)	Shankhapushpi
	C)	Mandukparni	D)	Guduchi
549.	The seed of Nirgundi is known as			
	A)	Tandula	B)	Tikshnatandula
	C)	Harenuka	D)	None of this
550.	All of the following are Shitavirya dravya except			
	A)	Lavanga	B)	Bibhitaka
	C)	Nimba	D)	Shankhapushpi
551.	Which of the following Dravya is included in Krumighna Mahakashaya			
	A)	Shobhanjana	B)	Karanja
	C)	Haridra	D)	Nimba
552.	Pippali is best drug in treatment of			
	A)	Halimaka Roga	B)	Kamala Roga

	C)	Pliha Roga	D)	Pandu Roga
553.	Which of the following is not member of Lilliaceae Family			
	A)	Rasona	B)	Palandu
	C)	Kumari	D)	None of the above
554.	Which of the following is not member of Fabaceae Family			
	A)	Karanja	B)	Yashtimadhu
	C)	Agastya	D)	None of the above
555.	Which of the following is not member of Solanaceae Family			
	A)	Ashwagandha	B)	<i>Hyocyamus niger</i>
	C)	Bruhata	D)	None of the above
556.	Thebest Swedapnayana drug according to Charaka is			
	A)	Musta	B)	Shigru
	C)	Vatsnabha	D)	Ushira
557.	Nimba is included in			
	A)	Kushthaghna Mhakashaya	B)	Kandughna Mhakashaya
	C)	Varnya Mhakashaya	D)	Vishghna Mhakashaya
558.	Nirgundi is included in			
	A)	Kushthaghna Mahakashaya	B)	Kandughna Mahakashaya
	C)	Varnya Mhakashaya	D)	Krumighna Mhakashaya
559.	Bibhitaka is included in			
	A)	Jwarhara Mahakashaya	B)	Kasahara Mahakashaya
	C)	Shwashara Mahakashaya	D)	Kanthya Mahakashaya
560.	Jatamansi is included in			
	A)	Vayasthapana Mahakashaya	B)	Sadnyashapana Mahakashaya
	C)	Sheetaprashamana Mahakashaya	D)	Prajasthapana Mahakashaya
561.	Kasamarda is included in			
	A)	Hikkanigrahana Mahakashaya	B)	Kasahara Mahakashaya
	C)	Shwashara Mahakashaya	D)	None of Above
562.	Which of the following is not Madhura Rasa Dravya			
	A)	Palandu	B)	Vatsnabha
	C)	Kushmanda	D)	Tagara
563.	Which of the following is Tikta Rasa Pradhan Dravya			
	A)	Shankhapushpi	B)	Padmaka
	C)	Palandu	D)	Kushmanda
564.	Which of the following is KatuRasa Pradhan Dravya			
	A)	Lavanga	B)	Kadamb
	C)	Devdaru	D)	Tagara

565.	Which of the following is not KashayaRasa Pradhan Dravya			
	A)	Padmaka	B)	Rasna
	C)	Muchkunda	D)	Bibhitaka
566.	Which of the following Dravyais having MadhuraVipaka			
	A)	Bibhitaka	B)	Ushira
	C)	Padmaka	D)	Tagara
567.	Which of the following Dravyais having KatuVipaka			
	A)	Pippali	B)	Tila
	C)	Vatsanabha	D)	Ushira
568.	Sthalaja and Jalaja are the tyeps of			
	A)	Musta	B)	Yashtimadhu
	C)	Virana	D)	Vacha
569.	Dravya used for Ahiphena Shodhana is			
	A)	Gomutra	B)	Godugdha
	C)	Ardraka Swarasa	D)	Goghruta
570.	Dravya used for Vatsnabha Shodhana is			
	A)	Gomutra	B)	Godugdha
	C)	A & B both	D)	Goghruta
571.	Margosa oil is the name of			
	A)	NimbaTaila	B)	Tila Taila
	C)	KaranjaTaila	D)	None of Above
572.	Patradhya is the synonym of			
	A)	Tamalapatra	B)	Talishapatra
	C)	Palasha	D)	Devdaru
573.	All of the following are Ushnavirya dravya exept			
	A)	Bhrungaraja	B)	Bibhitaka
	C)	Jyotishmati	D)	Shankhapushpi
574.	Best variety of Kumkumas per Bhavmishra			
	A)	Parasika Kumkum	B)	Kashmira Kumkum
	C)	Balhika Kumkum	D)	None of the above
575.	Which of the following is AhitatamaShaka as per Charak			
	A)	Jivanti	B)	Rajika
	C)	Sarshpa	D)	Methika
576.	Strychhnine Alkaloid is isolated from			
	A)	Dhattura	B)	Kupilu
	C)	Ahiphena	D)	Sarpgandha
577.	Yashtimadhu is not included in			
	A)	Varnya Mahakashaya	B)	Kasahara Mahakashaya

	C)	Kandughna Mahakashaya	D)	Kanthya Mahakashaya
578.	Vacha is not included in			
	A)	Kasahara Mahakashaya	B)	Lekhaniya Mahakashaya
	C)	Arshoghna Mahakashaya	D)	Truptighna Mahakashaya
579.	Kantakari is not included in			
	A)	Sheetaprashmana Mahakashaya	B)	Kasahara Mahakashaya
	C)	Shwashara Mahakashaya	D)	Kanthya Mahakashaya
580.	Agastyais included in			
	A)	Hikkanigrahana Mahakashaya	B)	Kasahara Mahakashaya
	C)	Shwashara Mahakashaya	D)	None of above
581.	Kumkum is included in			
	A)	Dipaniya Mahakashaya	B)	Varnya Mahakashaya
	C)	Shonitasthapana Mahakashaya	D)	Kanthya Mahakashaya
582.	Bhrungaraja belongs to			
	A)	Araceae family	B)	Astaraceae family
	C)	Apiaceae family	D)	Arecaceae family
583.	<i>Celastrus paniculatus</i> is the botanical Name of			
	A)	Jyotishmati	B)	Parasik Yavani
	C)	Karanja	D)	Padmaka
584.	Lavanga belongs to			
	A)	Myristicaceae family	B)	Myricaceae family
	C)	Myrtaceae family	D)	Arecaceae family
585.	Kushmand is included in			
	A)	Bruhaniya Mahakashaya	B)	Balya Mahakashaya
	C)	Jivaniya Mahakashaya	D)	None of above
586.	All of the following are belong to Apiaceae family except			
	A)	Mandukparni	B)	Bramhi
	C)	Shatpushpa	D)	Jiraka
587.	All of the following are belong to Piperaceae family except			
	A)	Chavya	B)	Kankola
	C)	Pippali	D)	Shakhapushpi
588.	Useful part of Shankhapushi is			
	A)	Whole plant	B)	Seed and Root bark
	C)	Root and Stem	D)	Root and Fruit
589.	Akshiva is the synonym of			
	A)	Bibhitaka	B)	Shigru
	C)	Amalaki	D)	Kupilu

590.	Which of the following is Madakari Dravya			
	A)	<i>Aconitum ferox</i>	B)	<i>Strychnos nuxvomica</i>
	C)	<i>Papavera somniferum</i>	D)	<i>Rauwolfia serpentina</i>
591.	Which of the following is Akshepajanana Dravya			
	A)	Ahiphena	B)	Sarpgandha
	C)	Vatsnabha	D)	Kupilu
592.	Kashthasara is useful part of			
	A)	Kadamba	B)	Tagara
	C)	Agastya	D)	Devdaru
593.	Hyoscymine Alkaloid is present in			
	A)	Parasik Yavani	B)	Kupilu
	C)	Vatsnabha	D)	Aguru
594.	Pippalimula is not included in			
	A)	Chaturushna	B)	Shdushana
	C)	Panchkola	D)	None of above
595.	Which of the following is Nidrajanana Dravya			
	A)	<i>Aconitum ferox</i>	B)	<i>Strychnos nuxvomica</i>
	C)	<i>Rauwolfia serpentina</i>	D)	<i>Commiphora mukula</i>
596.	The drug useful in treatment of Insanity is			
	A)	Devdaru	B)	Sarpgandha
	C)	Parasik Yavani	D)	Gandhaprasarini
597.	All of the following are included in Kasahara Mahakashya except			
	A)	Pippali	B)	Bibhitaka
	C)	Karkatshrungi	D)	Kantakari
598.	All of the following are included in Kanthya Mahakashya except			
	A)	Yashtimadhu	B)	Khadira
	C)	Bruhata	D)	Kantakari
599.	All of the following are included in Kandughna Mahakashya except			
	A)	Sarshpa	B)	Chandana
	C)	Haridra	D)	Karanja
600.	Margosa is the English name of			
	A)	Karanja	B)	Bakuchi
	C)	Tuvaraka	D)	Nimba
601.	Which of the following is included in Vedanasthapana Mahakashya			
	A)	Padmaka	B)	Sarpgandha
	C)	Vatsnabha	D)	Kupilu
602.	Which of the following is Sadnyasthapana Dravya			
	A)	Guduchi	B)	Vacha

	C)	Vatsnabha	D)	Kupilu
603.	Which of the following is Swedapnyana Dravya			
	A)	Vatsnabha	B)	Shigru
	C)	Ushira	D)	Aguru
604.	Shweta and Rakta are variety of			
	A)	Bhrunaraja	B)	Shigru
	C)	Sharpunkha	D)	Shankhapushpi
605.	Shweta and Nilaare variety of			
	A)	Aparajita	B)	Shigru
	C)	Apamarga	D)	Bhrungraja
606.	Shweta and Pita are variety of			
	A)	Punarnava	B)	Aparajita
	C)	Bhrungraja	D)	Shankhapushpi
607.	Which of the following is not SheetaviryaDravya			
	A)	Sarpagandha	B)	Aparajita
	C)	Shankhapushpi	D)	Kadamba
608.	Which of the following is not Ushnavirya Dravya			
	A)	Devdaru	B)	Sarpgandha
	C)	Karanja	D)	Jatamansi
609.	Which of the following is AnushnaviryaDravya			
	A)	Palandu	B)	Kadamba
	C)	Padmaka	D)	Shankhapushpi
610.	Stem bark is the useful part of			
	A)	Nutmeg	B)	Cardamom
	C)	Cinnamon	D)	Clove
611.	Twaka is member of			
	A)	Lauraceae Family	B)	Myristicaceae family
	C)	Myricaceae family	D)	Myrataceae family
612.	Gandhaprasarini is member of			
	A)	Lauraceae Family	B)	Myristicaceae family
	C)	Rubiaceae family	D)	Rosaceae family
613.	Best drug of choice in Kasa as per Ashtanga Sangraha is			
	A)	Kulanjana	B)	Kantakari
	C)	Bruhati	D)	Karkatshrungi
614.	Agryadravya for Purishjanana karma as per Charaka is			
	A)	Yava	B)	Jambu
	C)	Haritaki	D)	Ashwgola

615.	Best variety of Kasturi as per Bhavmishra is			
	A)	Nepali Kasturi	B)	Kamrupa Kasturi
	C)	Kashmira Kasturi	D)	Lata Kasturi
616.	Agryadravya for Chhardighna Karma as per Ashtanga Sangraha is			
	A)	Laja	B)	Yashtimadhu
	C)	Bruhati	D)	Karkatshrungi
617.	Dhara, Dhuli , Bhumi are the varieties of			
	A)	Padmaka	B)	Tagara
	C)	Kadamba	D)	Palandu
618.	Glycyrrhizin is chief constituent of			
	A)	Laja	B)	Yashtimadhu
	C)	Bruhati	D)	Karkatshrungi
619.	) Liquorice is the English name of			
	A)	Laja	B)	Yashtimadhu
	C)	Bruhati	D)	Karkatshrungi
620.	Agryadravya for Gulmaanilhara as per Ashtanga Sangraha is			
	A)	Guduchi	B)	Guggula
	C)	Rasna	D)	Rasna
621.	<i>Paederia foetida</i> is the botanical name of			
	A)	Gandhaprasarini	B)	Rasna
	C)	Tuvaraka	D)	Pashanabheda
622.	Which of the following is member of Pinaceae Family			
	A)	Devdaru	B)	Talisha
	C)	Sarala	D)	All the above
623.	Sriprasuna is the synonym of			
	A)	Keshara	B)	Nagakesara
	C)	Lavanga	D)	Twak
624.	Eugenol is chief constituent of			
	A)	Lavanga	B)	Tagara
	C)	Keshara	D)	Talisha
625.	Tikshna tandula is the synonym of			
	A)	Vidanga	B)	Jyotishmati
	C)	Bakuchi	D)	Pippali

KEY ANSWERS – (001 to 125)

1	B	26	B	51	B	76	D	101	A
2	D	27	D	52	C	77	B	102	D

3	A	28	C	53	A	78	A	103	A
4	C	29	D	54	C	79	B	104	A
5	A	30	A	55	B	80	D	105	C
6	D	31	A	56	D	81	C	106	B
7	B	32	C	57	B	82	A	107	C
8	C	33	C	58	A	83	D	108	A
9	A	34	A	59	C	84	B	109	B
10	B	35	C	60	A	85	C	110	C
11	D	36	B	61	B	86	B	111	A
12	C	37	D	62	D	87	C	112	B
13	A	38	C	63	C	88	B	113	C
14	C	39	A	64	B	89	D	114	C
15	B	40	D	65	A	90	B	115	A
16	D	41	B	66	C	91	D	116	B
17	A	42	D	67	A	92	A	117	A
18	B	43	D	68	C	93	B	118	B
19	A	44	C	69	B	94	C	119	C
20	D	45	A	70	C	95	A	120	D
21	C	46	D	71	B	96	C	121	C
22	A	47	B	72	D	97	B	122	A
23	A	48	D	73	B	98	A	123	C
24	B	49	D	74	C	99	A	124	A
25	C	50	A	75	B	100	C	125	B

KEY ANSWERS – (126- 250)

126	A	151	A	176	A	201	A	226	A
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127	A	152	A	177	B	202	D	227	B
128	D	153	A	178	C	203	C	228	A
129	A	154	B	179	A	204	B	229	A
130	A	155	A	180	C	205	A	230	A
131	D	156	A	181	D	206	C	231	C
132	C	157	A	182	A	207	A	232	A
133	A	158	B	183	B	208	C	233	B
134	D	159	A	184	D	209	B	234	A
135	C	160	C	185	A	210	A	235	D
136	A	161	A	186	B	211	B	236	A
137	A	162	C	187	A	212	C	237	A
138	A	163	B	188	A	213	D	238	B
139	A	164	A	189	D	214	C	239	D
140	A	165	C	190	A	215	A	240	B
141	A	166	D	191	D	216	C	241	A
142	A	167	C	192	A	217	B	242	D
143	A	168	A	193	A	218	D	243	B
144	D	169	C	194	B	219	A	244	A
145	D	170	A	195	A	220	B	245	C
146	D	171	A	196	C	221	D	246	A
147	C	172	C	197	B	222	A	247	B
148	B	173	A	198	C	223	A	248	C
149	A	174	C	199	B	224	C	249	A
150	C	175	A	200	C	225	C	250	B

KEY ANSWERS – (251- 375)

251	A	276	A	301	A	326	D	351	A
252	C	277	C	302	A	327	D	352	A

253	D	278	B	303	D	328	A	353	A
254	A	279	A	304	B	329	A	354	B
255	A	280	A	305	B	330	A	355	A
256	A	281	A	306	C	331	D	356	D
257	A	282	C	307	A	332	A	357	D
258	A	283	A	308	A	333	B	358	D
259	B	284	A	309	A	334	D	359	A
260	C	285	B	310	A	335	B	360	A
261	A	286	A	311	B	336	A	361	A
262	A	287	A	312	A	337	A	362	D
263	A	288	A	313	C	338	B	363	A
264	A	289	B	314	A	339	A	364	A
265	A	290	D	315	B	340	C	365	C
266	C	291	D	316	A	341	A	366	A
267	B	292	C	317	A	342	B	367	D
268	A	293	B	318	C	343	D	368	B
269	A	294	A	319	D	344	A	369	C
270	A	295	C	320	A	345	A	370	A
271	B	296	B	321	B	346	B	371	D
272	A	297	C	322	A	347	A	372	D
273	B	298	D	323	D	348	D	373	B
274	A	299	D	324	B	349	A	374	C
275	B	300	D	325	A	350	A	375	A

KEY ANSWERS – (376- 500)

376	D	401	A	426	B	451	C	476	A
377	A	402	D	427	D	452	A	477	C
378	D	403	B	428	D	453	B	478	C
379	C	404	B	429	D	454	A	479	B
380	B	405	D	430	D	455	C	480	B
381	B	406	B	431	C	456	C	481	C
382	D	407	C	432	C	457	D	482	A
383	D	408	A	433	D	458	A	483	B
384	A	409	D	434	A	459	C	484	D
385	D	410	D	435	D	460	A	485	A
386	B	411	A	436	C	461	A	486	B
387	B	412	C	437	A	462	C	487	C
388	C	413	D	438	D	463	B	488	C
389	D	414	D	439	C	464	B	489	D
390	B	415	C	440	C	465	A	490	A
391	B	416	B	441	D	466	C	491	B
392	D	417	C	442	D	467	C	492	D
393	A	418	C	443	C	468	C	493	D
394	C	419	A	444	D	469	A	494	D
395	B	420	B	445	B	470	A	495	A
396	C	421	A	446	C	471	B	496	B
397	D	422	A	447	C	472	A	497	D
398	B	423	B	448	D	473	A	498	C
399	C	424	B	449	D	474	A	499	C
400	B	425	D	450	B	475	C	500	A

KEY ANSWERS – (501-525)

501	A	526	A	551	A	576	B	601	A
502	D	527	C	552	C	577	B	602	B
503	B	528	D	553	D	578	A	603	C
504	D	529	C	554	D	579	C	604	B
505	A	530	A	555	D	580	D	605	A
506	C	531	B	556	D	581	C	606	C
507	D	532	C	557	B	582	B	607	A
508	A	533	A	558	D	583	A	608	D
509	C	534	C	559	A	584	C	609	A
510	A	535	B	560	B	585	D	610	C
511	A	536	A	561	D	586	B	611	A
512	D	537	D	562	D	587	D	612	C
513	B	538	D	563	A	588	A	613	B
514	C	539	C	564	A	589	B	614	A
515	B	540	A	565	B	590	C	615	B
516	C	541	B	566	A	591	D	616	A
517	A	542	C	567	D	592	D	617	C
518	B	543	A	568	B	593	A	618	B
519	A	544	C	569	C	594	D	619	B
520	B	545	B	570	C	595	C	620	C
521	B	546	B	571	A	596	B	621	A
522	A	547	A	572	B	597	B	622	D
523	C	548	B	573	D	598	B	623	C
524	B	549	C	574	B	599	C	624	A
525	C	550	B	575	C	600	D	625	D

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